

THE NEWARK ADVOCATE.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CAMPAIGN WAS OPENED AUSPICIOUSLY AT BUCYRUS THIS AFTERNOON.

Splendid Gathering from All Parts of the Buckeye State.

The Town of Bucyrus Gaily Decorated in Honor of the Occasion.

COL. KILBOURNE'S MASTERLY ADDRESS

And that of Hon. C. W. Baker of Cincinnati, Published Verbatim—Synopsis of Hon. Tom L. Johnson's Splendid Speech—Newark Crowd in Evidence at the Big Political Gathering Today.

Bucyrus, Ohio, Oct. 23.—Ohio's Democracy opened its speaking campaign here this afternoon with an immense attendance and the "opening" is a signal success. People have been coming from every section of the state all day and the city with its thousands of visitors has given a cordial welcome to Colonel James Kilbourne and the other leading men of the party who are present.

The city is gaily decorated in honor of the occasion. Before the speaking began an immense parade took place and the leaders of the party addressed a large assemblage that had gathered around the monster platform in the public square. The opening address was delivered by Gen. E. B. Finley, who entered into a general discussion of the campaign issues and paid a high tribute to the party's standard bearer, Colonel Kilbourne.

Col. Kilbourne's speech and that of Hon. Chas. W. Baker of Cincinnati, are sent to the Advocate in full. An extract of an admirable address by Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland is also given. The other speakers of the day are: Hon. Anthony Howells, candidate for lieutenant governor; Hon. A. W. Patrick and Congressman Norton.

It is a splendid day and the big crowd is a happy one. The public square where the speaking is now taking place, is a perfect bower of hunting.

At the west end of the square, running across the narrow way, has been built a monster platform of sufficient capacity to accommodate all visitors of prominence. The speakers' platform is buried in hunting, so arranged as to enhance its acoustic properties. No more complete arrangement for the comfort of both speakers and audience could be wished for.

In the effort to make the event a success Bucyrus people have known no political affiliation. The question of politics has been lost sight of, and for once Crawford county will be Democratic from boundary to boundary instead of the normal and paltry majority of 2,500. The people of this city look upon the opening as a home-coming of Colonel Kilbourne, whose grandfather established the town and opened it for settlement three quarters of a century ago.

Elaborate arrangements had been made to supply the wants of all visitors, and the reputation of Bucyrus for hospitality was firmly established.

Every train was met by the Reception Committee, composed of all Township Committeemen, headed by bands of music. The delegations were assigned quarters in the various offices of the courthouse and other public buildings. The morning was devoted to the reception of guests, the last of the delegations arriving shortly after noon. The parade formed in five divisions. The First Division was under the command of A. S. Leuthold; the Second division by C. F. Volmer; the Third division by T. M. Kinney; the Fourth division, under G. F. Ackerman, while the Fifth was commanded by Dr. Brubaker.

The crowd here today is enormous,

the weather perfect, the opening a gigantic success. Col. Kilbourne reached Bucyrus at 11:30 this morning and received a great ovation.

NEWARK

And Licking County Democrats in Evidence at Bucyrus Campaign Opening Wednesday.

Bucyrus, O., Oct. 23.—The Democratic State campaign opening at Bucyrus today, was one of the largest and most successful political events ever held in Ohio. Democrats from all over the state were there by thousands to greet Colonel Kilbourne, and other distinguished leaders of the party, and Newark and Licking county Democrats were especially noticeable.

At an early hour this morning Judge E. M. P. Brister was hustling around making the final arrangements for the trip and getting the excursionists together, while Captain Jehiel Tedrick was busily engaged in distributing badges, and William Bell, Jr., was pinning pictures of Kilbourne on all the enthusiastic Democrats making the trip.

Two large special cars provided by the Newark and Granville Electric railway, pulled out of Newark for Granville at 8:30 o'clock, with more than one hundred persons on board. At Granville the party made close connections with the T. & O. C. train. The party will return home this evening, arriving about 7 o'clock. This has been a great day for the Democrats of Ohio.

SPEECH

Delivered at Bucyrus by Hon. Tom L. Johnson Wednesday—"Let Well Enough Alone."

Bucyrus, Ohio, Oct. 23.—The following is a synopsis of the speech delivered today by Hon. Tom L. Johnson: My countrymen, ladies and gentlemen—Last Saturday was an eventful day with me. I had the pleasure of hearing the great Republican orators of this state dodge the real issue of this campaign.

"Let well enough alone" was the key note, reinforced with arguments against any change. Hold Ohio in the column of the Republican party on account of its historic greatness.

They promised for the future a higher civilization for the Filipino and Porto Rican, strategic harbors of safety for our modern navy and the Nicaraguan canal. In every way they directed the attention of the people as far from the state as possible and even tried to make political capital out of the shameless murder of President McKinley, as if he were not the President of all the people of the United States, but only the President of their party.

Their keynote utterance, summed up in the words "Let well enough alone" was a deliberate attempt to obscure all question of home importance. Not a word on the evils of trusts, the legi-



COL. JAMES KILBOURNE.

mate off-spring of the special privileges fostered by their policy. Not a word on the great abuses of steam railroad taxation by which two hundred million dollars of railroad property escapes its fair share of tax burdens. Not a syllable on the inequality of taxation in the State of Ohio, by which the owners of small homes, farms, and factories are borne down by the weight of these burdens; while the owners of valuable city property, water fronts, forest privileges and mineral rights go almost untaxed. Not a word against these injustices which they vaguely hint at in their platform and carefully avoid in their speeches.

Our candidate for Governor, Colonel James Kilbourne with the balance of the state ticket and legislative candidates generally throughout the state are pledged to the correction of these abuses and deserve at the hands of the voters an overwhelming victory.

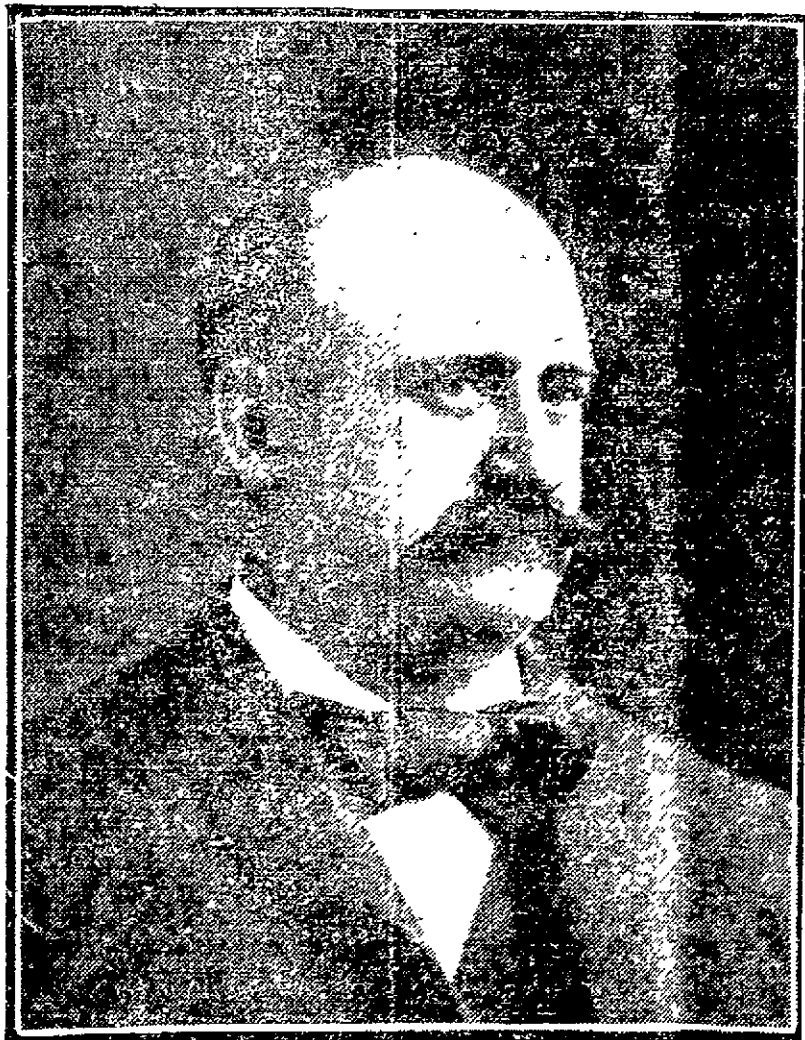
stood in spirit in mourning at his bedside.

However we may differ as to the wisdom or justice of his policies as President, there is no difference in the minds of those who knew him, as to his many public virtues, and the purity and nobility of his character.

From the day, when a mere boy, he enlisted in the Union army, until the time of his death, his private life was without reproach, and as a shining light to all his countrymen. His devotion to his invalid wife not only evoked universal admiration, but will be a lasting example to all men of right regard for wife, god and womanhood.

He has built for himself "a monument more lasting than brass." He not only reached the highest official station in the Republic, but he gained that which in the estimation of all noble minds is of far greater value, the respect and affection of his countrymen.

FIRST VISIT TO BUCYRUS
This is my first visit to this beautiful city, founded and named by my



HON. CHAS. W. BAKER.

COL. KILBOURNE

Delivered a Splendid Speech at the Campaign Opening—Full Text of the Colonel's Address.

Fellow Citizens: I should fail to meet the expectations of the loyal and patriotic Democracy of the State, if I did not take this occasion to voice their grief over the death of our beloved President William McKinley, and their detestation of the anarchist spirit of which he was the victim.

When our President was shot party activities ceased through patriotic regard for the President and sincere affection for the man, and when he died all Americans worthy of the name

grandfather, whose honored name I bear. Standing here today on the spot as I am told, where he stood nearly seventy-five years ago and spoke to the citizens of Bucyrus, my thoughts go back to him as to a young boy, knew him in his home at Worthington; to the courtly, white haired Colonel, who was kind and considerate to me, to the honest warm-hearted, genial gentleman the friend and trusted adviser of all the country round.

I have always been proud of him, of the courage and patience and determination which carried the costless, barefooted, homeless boy to positions of honor in his state and nation, but in studying his life, that which I most admired is not success or distinction he gained, but his unselfish regard for the interests of others, especially those

less fortunate than he.

Almost his first act in Congress was to introduce a resolution having for its object the increase of the pay of the seamen on the lakes, whose exceptional hard services he thought were insufficiently rewarded.

It was he, also, who first drafted and introduced in Congress a bill for the distribution of public lands to actual settlers, which action alone should keep his memory green amongst the descendants of the pioneers of the Northwest.

He also, as early as in 1815, offered a resolution, instructing the Ways and Means Committee to enquire into the expediency of levying and collecting an income tax, believing that the burdens of taxation fell too heavily on the poor.

His grandson agrees most fully with his views in this matter, and hopes to live to see such a measure become the law.

At home every man was his neighbor, and he was never so engrossed in his own affairs that he could not lend an ear to the troubles of others. His heart was ever open to the cry of the needy and distressed, and his hands were its ready ministers to bring relief.

While Worthington was his home where he had sown in an unbroken wilderness the first seeds of civilization, the records of his correspondence show that Bucyrus was the child of his affection.

This, as I have said, is my first visit here, but I feel that on his account, if not my own, I can safely assume that in coming here, I am coming to the home of my friends, and may hope to receive, even from those who may differ with me, thoughtful consideration of the views I shall present.

POLITICAL CONTESTS.

Political contests should be waged for principles, not men. It makes small difference so far as the mere individual is concerned who is elected to the governorship, or to any office in this state, provided he is honest, capable and independent, but the success of true principles and correct policies is of first importance.

It is well, therefore, at the beginning of the campaign, to compare carefully the platform of the two great parties, one or the other of which must be successful. But in doing this, we should not fail to take into consideration the present character and tendencies of the respective parties, for platforms are not always honest expressions of party intentions. Generalities in platforms are usually delusive. Where there is honest purpose, declarations will be specific.

Silence sometimes speaks louder than words. Of Civil Service Reform, upon which so greatly depends the correction of many of the evils which threaten our body politic, of reformation in the government of the municipalities of the state—a necessity recognized by thoughtful men of all parties, of the relief of our agriculturists, who comprise the largest single body of our citizens, from the burdens which class legislation has laid upon them; of the gallant, if hopeless, struggle of the South African Republics, fighting desperately for their freedom against the greatest empire of the world, and rightly asking for the sympathy of American patriots; of the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people, so that worth may have an equal chance with wealth, and the disgrace of purchased legislatures may no longer—
(Continued on Page 2, 2nd col.)

THIRTY HURT

Freight Crashes Into a Work Train Near Kent, With Disastrous Results This Noon.

Kent, Ohio, Oct. 23.—A Pittsburg & Western west bound freight train ran into a Kent work train about noon today. Thirty workmen were injured, many being badly hurt. One Mailco, and Italian, of Ravenna, will probably die. The trains were badly wrecked.

PRESIDENT

Made an "LL. D." at Yale Today—Many Other Prominent Men are Also "Doctored."

New Haven, Oct. 23.—When President Roosevelt arrived at the station this morning he was given a splendid ovation by the townspeople and Yale men. He was escorted by an enormous procession to Dwight Hall where he donned academic robes preparatory to receiving the degree of LL. D. from Yale.

Among the long list of distinguished men who will get the degree of LL. D. besides President Roosevelt are John Hay, Archbishop Ireland, Bishop Potter, of New York, Mark Twain, Marquis Ito of Japan, and Admiral Sampson.

THREE CENTERBURG SAFES

Opened by Five Robbers Who Stole \$200 Cash, \$600 in Stamps.

VILLAGE POSTOFFICE SAFE DYNAMITED

Robbers Not Successful at Two Railway Stations—With Stolen Rigs They Escaped Into Delaware County, and Are Believed to be Surrounded Near Eden.

CENTERBURG, OHIO, Oct. 23.—Safe blowers who have been operating lately in Knox, Perry and Fairfield counties, made their appearance this morning in this little town of Centerburg, Knox county, on the Toledo and Ohio Central and the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus railroads.

They carried out of town about \$200 in cash and in the neighborhood of \$600 worth of stamps from the village postoffice.

About two o'clock this morning, five masked men entered Centerburg and stole horses and buggies from Amos Wilson and Harvey Messmore. They took the two rigs and hid them near the T. & O. C. depot, which is out side the town to the west. They then visited Bart's blacksmith shop and secured tools with which they gained access to the Toledo and Ohio Central depot. This safe was the first to be opened by the men, but here the robbers were disappointed, as the agent had made his report and there was little of value in the safe. The men next went to the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus passenger station, east of the T. & O. C. depot and in a like manner broke into the building.

They were rewarded by getting only about \$3 in cash here. Not dismayed by two failures, the quintet made a third trial and a more successful one. They went to the village postoffice in the Bishop block, and after prying an entrance through the front door, put four successive charges of dynamite in the safe of Postmaster B. M. Bishop and got away with about \$200 in money and \$600 worth of postage stamps.

The first explosions at the postoffice in the center of the town brought out many citizens, but as three of the five robbers remained outside of the building while the other two operated on the safe, the people seemed to be awed and no exchange of shots took place. The explosions blew the postoffice safe to pieces and wrecked the front of the postoffice brick building.

After the men had rifled the safe and secured all that was worth carrying off, they backed away and hurried to the place where they had hidden the rigs and with them they drove rapidly away towards Delaware county.

A dispatch from Delaware says that officers have surrounded the men at a point about three miles north of Delaware, Ohio.

The robbers up to one o'clock this afternoon have not been captured, but a message received by wire from Delaware at noon said that the men now believed to number eleven in all, though not that many were here, are now surrounded in the woods near Eden, Delaware county.

Sheriff Lynde, who arrived from Mt. Vernon is with the officers, who are hunting the men. The message received at noon says it is thought they will be caught.

It develops that the two railroad safes were not dynamited but were picked by the robbers, but the postoffice safe was wrecked beyond recognition. The force of the explosion blew out the front of the building and shattered all the glass in the structure. Nobody was injured, however. The postoffice is doing business today, but under some disadvantages.

Sheriff Lynde on the Hunt.

MT. VERNON, O., Oct. 23.—As soon as the news of the robbery at Centerburg reached Mt. Vernon today Sheriff Lynde went to the western part of the county to take part in the hunt for the robbers. Before leaving for Centerburg Mr. Lynde told the Advocate correspondent that he feels confident that the men who operated today at Centerburg are members of the same gang that blew the bank safe at Danville last week.

The News in Newark.

The first notification that the Newark police department had of the robbery at Centerburg, was conveyed to Marshal Vogelmeier by an Advocate reporter, who met Mr. Levi Dove, of Utica, on the street.

Mr. Dove inquired of the reporter if he knew where he could find a policeman, as three Centerburg safes had been robbed, and five suspicious characters had come to Newark from Utica on B. & O. train 26, in charge of Conductor A. B. Danford.

The Marshal was found and a search of "Oklahoma," where the men got off, was made, as well as a general search throughout the city.

The five suspicious men are being closely watched by the police. Marshal Vogelmeier was on his way to take a car for Bucyrus when notified, and immediately abandoned the trip.

Militia After the Robbers.

DELAWARE, OHIO, Oct. 23.—It is stated this afternoon that a detachment from Company K, Fourth Ohio N. G., has surrounded the safe blowers who robbed the Centerburg postoffice safe this morning and that the men are closing in on them near Delaware's east corporation line.

FROM TRAIN

Young Boy Fell at Zanesville This Noon—His Body Was Cut Entirely In Two.

Zanesville, O., Oct. 23.—Pearl Slack a ten year old boy, while playing with his companions at the Brown Company's lumber yards at noon today, attempted to mount a moving B. & O. freight train, and fell under the wheels and was cut entirely in two.

Ships are bringing 7,000 tons of currants from Greece.

Attack on Gage.

Cleveland, Oct. 23.—At a meeting of the Ohio Bankers' Association today, J. C. Reber of Winter's National bank of Dayton, created a sensation by attacking Wall street stock speculators, the Morgan money trust and trusts in general. He declared that Secretary of the Treasury Gage had no right to come to the gamblers' assistance and said the trusts were a menace to the life of the country banks, and wound up by endorsing labor for organizing.

Oldbath—"What limit do you play in your married men's poker games?" Newlywed—"Oh, no fellow can bet more than a ton of coal."

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Democratic State Ticket.

Governor,
JAMES KILBOURNE,
of Franklin.
Lieutenant Governor,
ANTHONY HOWELLS,
of Stark.
Judge of Supreme Court,
JOSEPH HIDE,
of Fayette.
Attorney General,
W. B. MCCARTHY,
of Lucas.
State Treasurer,
R. PAGE ALESHIRE,
of Gallia.
Clerk of Supreme Court,
HARRY R. YOUNG,
of Cuyahoga.
State Board of Public Works,
J. B. HOLMAN,
of Brown.

Democratic County Ticket.

Representative,
WM. BELL, JR.,
Auditor,
A. R. PITZER,
Treasurer,
W. N. FULTON,
Commissioner,
SIDNEY B. LEVINGSTON,
Recorder,
J. W. RUTLEDGE,
Infirmary Director,
JAMES REDMAN.
STATE SENATOR,
HON. WM. E. MILLER,
of Licking.
JUDICIAL TICKET,
JOHN DAVID JONES,
of Licking.
EMMET M. WICKHAM,
of Delaware.

A BOGUS CHARGE.

It has been ascertained that the Republican State Executive Committee has prepared, and will issue between this and the election a bogus and false statement, purporting to be signed by a number of the labor leaders in Columbus attacking the record of Colonel James Kilbourne as the friend of organized labor.

Many of these leaders have been approached by General Dick and asked to sign the document, but indignantly refused to do so. But the Republican bosses will hesitate at nothing and the names of many of these leaders will no doubt be forged to the document.

TEN YEARS.

Ten years of Republican control of the state;
Ten years of increasing tax-burdens;
Ten years of broken promises;
Ten years of increased official salaries;
Ten years of unequal taxation;
Ten years of increased and useless offices;
Ten years of extravagant expenditures;
Ten years of political bossism;
Ten years of disregard of the taxpayers' rights;
Ten years of official barnacleism;
Ten years of class legislation and policy;
Ten years of favoritism for wealthy corporations;
Ten years of disregard of the people's rights.

This is the record of the Republican leaders and bosses in Ohio, during which they have waxed fat at the expense of honest toilers.

Isn't it about time to turn over a new leaf?
Isn't it about time to make a change?

Go to the polls on the 5th of November and answer these questions.

A soft answer sometimes comes hard.

COL. KILBOURNE

(Continued from Page 1.)

er humiliate our people, of Constitutional rights, the safeguards of freedom; of boss rule and political corruption, growing evils which more than ought else threaten the welfare and stability of the Republic, what do the platforms say? Upon all these questions of living and great importance to our people, and which the Democratic platform carefully considers, the Republican platform is as silent as the grave. And why? Let every American who loves his country, who desires honest, economical government, and would hand down to his children, unimpaired, the free institutions he received from his fathers, carefully consider.

PLATFORMS COMPARED.

The first concern of a great political party should be the interests of the people, the last its own glorification. The Democratic platform begins with a reaffirmation of belief in equality of taxation and other public burdens, and the time honored Democratic doctrine of equal rights for all, special privilege to none. The Republican platform begins with praise of the party for which it speaks, and loud professions of its ability to meet every public problem. The Democratic party, true to its duty as the natural defender of the people's rights interested in their welfare more than in the offices, makes no reference in its platform to its nominees, but speaks with uncertain voice as to principles and policies. The Republican party, true to the character of its management at this time, a syndicate of bosses and officeholders, makes the most prominent feature in its platform, a pledge of support to its candidates. The Democratic platform reaffirms its faith in that theory and practice of constitutional government which brought the Nation into existence and have preserved it to the present generation. The Republican platform pledges a loyal and undivided support to the Republican party.

The comparison thus made is of the first paragraph of the two platforms giving the substance of both. Let anyone take them and place them side by side, and decide for himself which is the utterance of a party devoted to the interests of the people and which the utterance of office-seekers.

The Democratic platform closes with an earnest denunciation of boss rule and political corruption, as menacing the destruction of public virtue and threatening our free institutions, and calls upon patriotic men of all parties to aid in restoring the straightforward honesty of the early days of the Republic. The Republican platform closes, as it begins, with fulsome praise of its leaders and pledges of support to its candidates.

The difference in the opening and closing paragraphs of the two platforms fairly represents the difference in the character and present tendencies of the two parties. One, the Democratic party, true to its history, caring more for principles than place; the other, the Republican party, debauched by long exercise of power, and fallen from its high estate, when principles, not self, controlled it, seeking first the office and their perquisites.

A comparison of the platforms complete will warrant a similar conclusion. The Democratic platform does not content itself with self-praise and glittering generalities as to what it has done and will do, but takes up each issue, both state and national, of immediate pressing importance, and declares in specific terms the action it would take to correct existing evils.

MUNICIPAL REFORM.

Considering, first, the subject of municipal government, it denounces the inefficient partisan and corrupt system which has prevailed, the responsibility for which it justly places on the Republican party, because it has long been in power; and demands that general laws be enacted, which will insure home rule and prevent the imposition of burdensome debts and taxes without the sanction of the people; and it denounces the system which has brought about "The corrupt employment of party leaders to secure valuable franchises without adequate compensation therefor." It commends the proposed "revised municipal code" prepared by a non-partisan commission which would place the conduct of municipal affairs upon a business basis, and declares in language that cannot be misunderstood, that "no franchise, extension or renewal thereof, shall ever be granted by any city or village without first submitting the same to a vote of the people."

The Republican platform makes no reference whatever to this matter of primary importance, especially to the working people of our cities, but it "points with pride" to the record of its candidate for United States Senator, who, according to common report, has done more than any other man to take from the hands of the people of the cities of this state the control of the franchises which rightly belong to them.

TAXATION.

On the subject of taxation the position of the Democracy is clear and unmistakable. It does not content itself with the general declaration that the burdens of taxation should be equally distributed, but, secure in the justice of its demands, and fearless of the power and influence of corporate wealth, it specifically names those who are conspicuous in their avoidance of the public burdens, and insists that they shall be "assessed in the same proportion to their salable value as

our farm and city real estate."

Is there any honest and fair-minded man, to whatever party he may belong, who can dispute the justice of this demand? The platform also provides for sworn public reports and audits which shall make plain to the people the true value of the privileges held by public corporations. Is not this the people's due?

The Republicans, now that unmistakable evidence is produced that corporations having public franchises are not bearing their just share of taxation, and when the just grievances of the people can no longer be quieted, have inserted in their platform, near its close, a brief clause declaring in favor of equal taxation and the creation of such "machinery" as may be necessary to accomplish this, but it does not make any declaration as to the specific means it would adopt for this purpose, and the past history of the party warrants the belief that it does not contemplate any that would seriously antagonize those upon whom it so largely relies for campaign contributions.

Why did not the Republicans install this "machinery" years ago, when they had a two-thirds or a three-fourths majority in the legislature? The task would have been easy of accomplishment for the Democratic minority would have aided in the work. If it has taken the Republicans ten years to acknowledge their fault how long will it take them to correct it?

The steps taken by the Democratic Legislature of 1890-1891 to remove some of the existing inequalities and cut down official fees and salaries were promptly repealed by its Republican successors in 1892-1893.

The pernicious special legislation enacted by the five Republican Legislatures since 1892, insidious and destructive in its character, has loaded communities with additional and unnecessary heavy burdens, and passed the rights of the public over to corporations endowed with privileges no private citizen is entitled to exercise.

The Democratic party, in its platform, boldly attacks these wrongs and demands their correction not by the destruction or injury of the rights of any man or corporation, but by restoring and maintaining the rights of all, not by unequally distributing the burdens of taxation, but by equalizing them.

It has but one purpose in view—to so amend and enforce existing laws that every dollar of property value shall bear its proportionate share of the burden, without regard to its form or character, but according to its value alone. It has no purpose or desire to injure the wealthy. It has no intention to permit the oppression of those who are not wealthy. It proposes only exact justice to all.

CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS.

The Democratic party, jealous of the exercise of arbitrary power by government, demands in its platform that the Constitution be strictly construed; that the reserved rights of the state and people be upheld, and government centralization which would destroy them. The Republicans, in their platform, which deals almost exclusively with national affairs, fail to even mention the Constitution, which, until recently, has been held by all our people as the very palladium of our liberty. In this they followed the Republican National Convention last year, which, although it was held in the city where the Declaration of Independence was signed and the Constitution framed mentioned neither of them in its platform. It is in keeping with this that during the national campaign last year the Republicans not only neglected to mention the Constitution, but they avoided quoting from the sayings of Lincoln, Sumner or any of the founders of their party and treated the farewell message of Washington as if it were an incidental document.

What is the significance of this? Does any thoughtful Republican think these repeated omissions unintentional? Let all such, who unconsciously believe in our form of government and have supposed that their party is still the same as it was in early days, look over its platforms of that time and note how continuously year after year they specifically proclaim devotion to the Constitution; and that it is only since its founders have died or deserted it, and its character changed and it became subservient to capitalism, that it ignored the Constitution because it blocked the way to the imperialist policy, upon which it has entered.

The Constitution is the safeguard of our liberties. "Judicial blindness may misinterpret and partisan treachery distort its plain and emphatic provisions, but it will remain forever the working people of our cities, but it 'points with pride' to the record of its candidate for United States Senator, who, according to common report, has done more than any other man to take from the hands of the people of the cities of this state the control of the franchises which rightly belong to them."

Patriotic Republicans, who love your country and are devoted to its free institutions, will you remain longer with those who, seeking to extend the exercise of arbitrary power by the government, preach that we have outgrown the Constitution, or will you unite with those who believe that the preservation of constitutional liberty is of greater consequence than finding new fields for exploitation by

the trusts or the establishment of a hybrid imperialism?

TARIFF REFORM.

While on the matter of state taxation, there is a semblance, but a semblance only, of similarity in the two platforms, on the tariff question the issue is fairly joined. The Republican platform declares for the principle of protection, and praises the Dingley law as its most signal triumph. The Democratic party gladly accepts the issue. It opposes and from its principles must ever oppose, a tariff for protection, which taxes the many for the benefit of the few, breeds trusts, and corrupts and demoralizes our people, for under the evil influence of protection corruption thrives. Even under a tariff framed for revenue, there are unavoidable evils, but Dingleyism—protection for protection's sake, a doctrine never dreamed of by the founders of the Republican party, may justly be called legalized robbery.

It places unnecessary burdens on our people, and it is a restriction upon our trade which will be disastrous if not soon removed. Manufacturing in this country has reached that stage of development where, if it is to grow and flourish, home trade must be supplemented by increased trade with foreign countries, and a change in our tariff policy must be made if we are to increase or even hold the foreign trade we now possess.

In the words of President McKinley in his speech at Buffalo—the last speech he ever made—"Only a broad and enlightened policy will keep that we have. No other policy will get more," and again, "A system which provides a mutual exchange of commodities is manifestly essential to the continued healthful growth of our export trade. We must not repose in fancied security that we can forever sell everything and buy little or nothing."

No American engaged in foreign trade, no student of economics, no intelligent man free from partisan bias need be told that the Dingley tariff with its protective schedules, which the Ohio platform praises, is not such a system as he describes.

President McKinley, made conservative by the great responsibilities of his high office, and recognizing the change imperatively demanded by existing conditions, called a halt to the high protectionists which will be fruitful in good to our country. Between the position taken by him and that of the Ohio platform there is a difference which cannot be explained away.

His sentiments, as quoted, will meet with the approval of all Americans engaged in foreign trade, excepting the trusts, who, secure from competition at home, desire a high tariff that they may the more easily continue to plunder the American people. These know their day will be short and seek to make the most of it now reckless of the inevitable consequences.

The advance in the price of steel in this country since a year ago during which time the billion dollar steel trust has been formed, is about fifty per cent. How much of that advance has labor received and where does the enormous profit go? The same trust is today selling steel abroad at so much lower prices than here at home that it threatens the continued prosperity, even the life of American industries concerned in foreign trade which comprise, as President McKinley says, "A vast intricate business built up through years of toil and struggle," and upon which depends the support of thousands upon thousands of American workmen.

Recognizing the power of the trusts and their control of the Republican party, which they will support and whose legislation created them, and still fosters them, the American people cannot trust that party to carry out a satisfactory tariff reform. However much President Roosevelt may be inclined to follow the suggestions of President McKinley in his Buffalo speech, the trusts, with their controlling interest in the party, and the Ohio Republicans, if their present platform is adhered to, will stand in the way and prevent the freer trade which the best interests of our country demand.

But the death knell of the high protective tariff, which is robbing the many for the benefit of the few, was sounded by President McKinley in these words: "The period of exclusiveness is past." The American people will proceed in the direction he pointed out, and will continue to go forward until the true and perfect reciprocity advocated by the Democracy is established in trade with all the nations on the earth, unhampered by tariff restrictions, excepting such as may be necessary for the purpose of revenue only. May God speed the day.

TRUSTS AND MONOPOLIES.

Both platforms denounce combinations and monopolies which seek to control prices or limit production, and demand the enactment and enforcement of legislation against them, but careful consideration of the wording of their respective planks will show to intelligent minds a difference in intent.

The Democratic platform demands a suppression of all trusts and a return to industrial freedom, and, as a specific step towards that end, the placing on the free list of all trust products.

The Republican platform says that combination, which create monopolies must be met by efficient legislation, but breathes not a word of suppression or control. It says that the "only legislation national or in Ohio on that

subject has been enacted by the Republican party," and with remarkable effrontery when the facts are considered adds "and that party can safely be trusted to deal with this problem."

It has been during the years of continuous Republican supremacy in the state and nation of which the Republican platform boasts, that the trusts which now threaten every independent enterprise in our country, have come into existence and grown until their bigness and blackness overshadow the land.

During all these years the party in power has not taken one effective step to suppress or control them, but, on the contrary, has nourished and protected them until now they have grown so great that they believe themselves above the law.

The lack of sincerity in Republican promises in this direction is becoming apparent even to the thoughtless, and the people will no longer be deceived by them. They would as soon expect "figs from thistles" as relief from trust evils at the hands of the Republican party, which "knows its business" and will not willingly destroy the chief source of its campaign funds. Is there any trust which does not contribute to it? Was it the farmers and mechanics, or the trusts and monopolies, who furnished the enormous corruption fund that was used by the Republicans in the last national campaign? A fund so overwhelmingly large that it could not be used legitimately. And why was it necessary and what was the reward of the donors?

Why was Judge Minshail denied a renomination? Had he not held his office sacred? Had he not fearlessly upheld the laws and Constitution? Does he not possess in a high degree those qualities of mind and conscience which fit one for the bench? Why was Frank Monnett refused a renomination? Were these things done at the command of the trusts because these men were loyal to the interests of the people and could not be cajoled or bought to prostitute their high offices?

Does anyone suppose that if that great tribune of the people, who though twice defeated for the presidency is still first in the hearts of the Democratic masses; does anyone suppose that if William J. Bryan had been elected the billion dollar steel trust would have been organized and would have shown its arrogance by threatening to remove its mills from towns whose people do not bow before it? Do the members of labor unions think that if he had been elected they would have been engaged in a life and death struggle for their organizations against the richest and strongest organization the world has ever known? And do they think, after their recent experience under a Republican administration, that "that party can be safely trusted to deal with this problem?"

SENATOR HANNA'S SUBTLETY.

Senator Hanna is reported to have said that there are no trusts in this country. That is a mere subterfuge unworthy of a Senator of the United States. The first attempt to secure monopoly was to place the business of competing manufacturers in the hands of trustees to be operated for the joint benefit of all parties. When honest and fearless prosecutors, like Attorney-General Monnett, pushed them too hard for comfort, they changed their plan, to avoid the law, and combined the different organizations into one. It is a change of form only, and monopoly was only more strongly entrenched by it. But the name of trusts, as signifying these monopolistic corporations, continues to be used, and Senator Hanna and everyone else knows what is meant by it. They have grown and flourished under Republican rule as never before, more of them having been organized during the last five years than during all the previous history of our country. So numerous are they, so all-embracing are they, that it has been truly said that "every grain of wheat and corn, of coffee and tea, every pound of cotton and wool, of iron and steel, all the fishes of the sea and the fowls of the air, all the products of the earth and the treasures of the deep must pay tribute to them." And yet Mr. Hanna says there are no trusts.

The Democratic party wages no war against wealth. It is not the poor man's party nor the rich man's party; it is the people's party. It believes that the interests of labor and capital should not be permitted to conflict, and should be harmonized by judicious legislation, but that in the event of conflict between them, labor, which is the parent of wealth, is entitled to paramount consideration. It opposes monopoly, not only because it is unjust and oppressive, but because it is destructive of equality; but it would not legislate to check the legitimate operations of our great industries. It delights to see energy and enterprise rewarded; it has no sympathy with communism and anarchism, but it believes in taxing the wealth rather than the labor of the country, and it opposes, and from its principles, must ever oppose, all subsidies, trusts and monopolies as hostile to the interests of the great body of the common people, on whose prosperity the welfare of our country depends.

MERCHANT MARINE.

Both platforms favor a strong navy and the restoration of our merchant marine to its former greatness, but the methods by which they would accomplish the latter are as different as day and night. The Democrats would make our merchant marine the ally of the people against monopoly by the repeal of the "antiquated and restrictive navigation laws." The Republi-

cans merely declare for "such legislation as will restore our merchant marine to prominence upon the sea" without specifying the character of such legislation. But if the language used in this, as in other planks of their platform, is in itself of doubtful meaning, there is no doubt in the minds of the well informed as to the interpretation which would be placed upon it by the present United States Senators from this state. What they seek and mean to accomplish, if in any way possible, is the passage of the nefarious shipping subsidy bill.

But the Republican convention, while knowing this perfectly, had not the courage to plainly state the truth. They were afraid, to trust the people with the whole truth of what their purpose is, seeking to lead them on step by step until too late to prevent the accomplishment of their ends. They know the people of Ohio are opposed to subsidies, and did not dare to trust the question openly to their votes.

IMPERIALISM AND EXPANSION.

On the question of Imperialism and Expansion the position of the two parties is largely the same as during the last campaign, only the purpose of the Republican administration is now more closely disclosed. The Republican platform says, "The Republican principle that Congress has power to govern our new possessions has been justified and sustained by the final decision of the Supreme Court."

Whatever the legal right may be, the moral right and duty remain unchanged. It is as true now as it was when our government was founded, that "Governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed," and the Democratic party, true to its traditions, stands today as it has always stood, in defense of that immortal declaration which is the spirit of the Constitution, and has been for more than a hundred years the glory of our people.

It believes that the policy now being pursued by the Republican administration in the Philippines is subversive of our free institutions, and "imperils the national safety without promoting the national welfare," and that, if persisted in, it will threaten the life of the Republic and the maintenance of principles upon which rests the only hope of universal freedom.

It is believed that justice to the Philippines, unfettered by location, if not by race and character, to make desirable American citizens, and our own moral and material interests, as well as, alike demand that "in accordance with the historic policy of the Republic they should be permitted to work out their own destiny." As a government, our Republic has alone of all the governments upon the earth been faithful to representative free institutions with equal rights, equal privileges, and equal laws for all, and the Democratic party, true to these principles, and with the courage of its convictions, states its position in words which no one can fail to understand, when it says that it "has never favored and now opposes any extension of the national boundaries not meant to carry speedily to all full equal rights with ourselves." It is not opposed to expansion. It has always favored that expansion of territory which would permit us to continue as a whole, a free and homogeneous people; but it opposes and must ever oppose an expansion which brings with it a denial of the truths of the Declaration of Independence, and casts a blight upon the hopes of the oppressed of every land.

It believes that, however its enormities may be hidden by specious phrases and fair promises, the war in the Philippines has been a war of conquest, carried on for territorial aggrandizement and in violation of the sacred principles of liberty and justice upon which our Republic is founded. Nearly 4000 American lives have already been sacrificed—slain in battle or died of wounds and disease, and the health of many thousands more ruined forever; who is responsible?

The Republicans shift the responsibility upon the Providence of God, although \$20,000,000 was offered Spain by our government for her disputed and discredited claim of sovereignty; offered too, with full warning from our army officers in the Philippines that an effort to assert our sovereignty over the islands would result in war. The Providence of God? Does any one think for a moment that if the Philippines, instead of being rich and fertile, were barren wastes, inhabited by an ignorant and savage people, as they are represented to be by those who hold them incapable of self-government—does any one think that under such conditions, the direction of Providence in this matter would have seemed so overwhelmingly strong? Mr. Bryan has said, "He who would declare the Divine will must prove his authority either by Holy Writ or by evidence of a special dispensation. The command 'Go ye into all the world and preach the Gospel to every creature,' has no galling gun attachment."

Senator Beveridge of Indiana, speaks with more frankness when he says that the possession of the Philippines will pay and talks of the fertility of the soil and their great mineral wealth. Oh, my countrymen, what a miserable, what an ignoble plea it is in defense of our conquest of these islands, that it will pay. Mr. Bryan's question should bring the blush of shame to the cheek of every man who makes that plea, when he asks, "Who shall put a price on the lives of American boys slain there?"

Ex-President Benjamin Harrison, shortly before he died, in his last

(Continued on Page 3.)

A. N. BANTON,

Electrical Contractor.

49 N. 3d st. With Savers the plumber. Both 'phones. Residence phone 98.

COAL.

W. H. Weekly is still selling first class lump coal at \$2.25 per ton. All orders must be accompanied by the cash. Give me a call and save money. No. 23 South Park Place, dtf

R. R. TIME CARDS.

B. & O. R. R.

(First District)—EAST BOUND.

Train	Arrive	Depart
No. 104 Wheel. & Pitt. Ex.	12:25 am	12:35 p.m.
No. 104 Wheel. & Pitt. Ex.	8:20 am	8:30 am
No. 104 Zanesville Accom.	8:37 am	8:45 am
No. 104 Bal. & Wash. Ex.	12:25 pm	12:35 pm
No. 112 Col. & Zanes Acc.	7:10 pm	7:20 pm
No. 112 From Columbus	8:25 pm	8:35 pm
No. 8 New York East Ex.	8:05 pm	8:15 pm
No. 80 Zanes. Ac. (Sunday)	7:00 pm	7:07 pm
COLEMAN & NEWARK		
No. 105 Clu. & St. L. Ex.	2:40 pm	2:50 pm
No. 111 Zanes. & Col. Acc.	7:10 am	7:18 am
No. 107 Columbus Accom.	10:30 am	10:40 am
No. 107 Columbus Accom.	1:30 pm	1:40 pm
No. 115 Columbus Accom.	8:00 pm	8:20 pm
No. 48 Col. Ex. (Sunday)	8:50 pm	8:58 pm
(Second District)—GOING NORTH.		
No. 17 Sandusky Accom.	8:17 am	8:25 am
No. 7 Chl. Fast Line	10:30 am	10:40 am
No. 7 Chl. Mail & Ex.	1:30 pm	1:45 pm
No. 47 Chicago Ex.	8:00 pm	8:10 pm
ARRIVING FROM THE NORTH.		
No. 14 Chicago Fast Line	6:20 am	6:28 am
No. 14 Chicago Mail & Ex.	1:00 pm	1:15 pm
No. 16 Sandusky Accom.	7:45 pm	7:55 pm
No. 8 Chicago Ex.	8:05 pm	8:15 pm

FOURTH DISTRICT.

No. 203 South	7:11 am
No. 210 South	1:45 pm
No. 209 From South	7:11 am
No. 207 From South	6:25 pm

* Denotes daily except Sunday.

F. C. BARTHOLOMEW, Ticket Agent, Newark, Ohio.

* Denotes daily except Sunday.

Pennsylvania Lines.

WESTWARD.

No. 5	12:38 am	Daily
No. 21	5:43 am	Daily
No. 23	7:45 am	Daily
No. 7	8:37 am	Daily
No. 19	12:48 pm	7
No. 1	6:12 pm	Daily

EASTWARD.

No. 8	1:23 am	Daily
No. 10	10:05 am	Daily
No. 6	1:06 pm	Daily
No. 32	6:16 pm	Daily
No. 20	9:11 pm	Daily

* Daily except Sunday.

J. L. WORTH, Ticket Agent, Newark.

Newark and Granville Road.

Schedule of cars leaving Newark and Granville, Newark and Granville Electric Railway, Newark, N. J., Oct. 23, 1901.

Tr. No.	Lv. Newark	Tr. No.	Lv. Granville
1 Power House	5:30 am	4 Power House	5:30 am
2 Square	6:00 am	5 Square	6:30 am
3 B. & O.	7:05 am	6 B. & O.	7:45 am
4 B. & O.	8:10 am	7 B. & O.	8:50 am
5 B. & O.	9:15 am	8 B. & O.	9:55 am
6 B. & O.	10:20 am	9 B. & O.	11:00 am
7 B. & O.	11:25 am	10 B. & O.	12:05 pm
8 B. & O.	12:30 pm	11 B. & O.	1:35 pm
9 B. & O.	1:40 pm	12 B. & O.	2:10 pm
10 B. & O.	2:15 pm	13 B. & O.	2:45 pm
11 B. & O.	3:20 pm	14 B. & O.	3:55 pm
12 B. & O.	4:25 pm	15 B. & O.	4:5

WOOLTEX

The name adopted by the Cloak manufacturer who puts only all wool materials in his fabrics. These are the kind of garments we like to handle, for they never grow rusty or wear shabby as do the other materials that contain some cotton.



Children's Goats

Get more hard wear in one week than does a woman's coat in one winter—The best of materials are none to good. That's why we like these all wool materials—They last and look well for several seasons. Every garment is cut to the right lines and is comfortable, yielding to the natural position of the body—Ask for Wooltex coats either woman's or children's.

Velvet Dresses and Skirts

Are much in demand—Fashion papers say that every woman should include one such costume in her winter outfit—To meet this demand which is growing every day we have purchased the two widths made in the Velvettinas, wonderfully like silk velvets. —Our silk department is showing a line of handsome colorings in this well known make at 50c and 75c yd.

All Over Tucked Waisting Flannels

A new line of fancy striped waistings with dainty tucks running down between every colored strip—In all colors, plain white and fancies—The ready made tuckings will help you to make an exclusive and choice waist, for these are the effects obtained in the beautiful waists made in the Eastern factories.

The Model Erect Form Gorset

G. B. a la Spirite.

Many Newark women have asked for this celebrated make of corsets—Dressmakers who know them like them to fit over and the corset is recognized by all as the foundation for a fine fitting dress—Eastern women who make it a rule to pay from \$5 \$15 for their corsets secure this shape that is so much desired—They are made in the latest Paris shapes and are straight front, low bust and long hips. We have taken the agency for Newark and are showing three different styles at \$2.50 and \$5 each



The H. H. GRIGGS CO.

NEW FALL GOODS

Leave your order for your

FALL SUIT NOW,

Before the rush comes and get first choice

Wm. Christian & Sons.

The Tailors and Furnishers.

CLOTHING

That's Strong and Sensible and also Stylish.

Goodness sticks out all over them. Men's and Boys' Suit we show are rare bargains, we think; higher values and lower prices than ever. This we know will commend your attention.

The Shades of Green Blue, Brown and Black Pebbled Cheviots for men and young men at \$10, \$12, \$14, \$16 will open your pocket book very easy when you see them.

Remember Clothing bought of us needs no repair for one year.

The Racket,

Fourth and Main Streets.

REGISTER FRIDAY.
Are you registered in the precinct in which you live? If not be sure to get your name on the registration books on Friday, October 25. The hours of registration are from 9 to 1 p. m. and from 4 to 9 p. m. If you are not registered you can not vote.

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AT MILES CHAPEL.
Rev. D. C. Coburn, President of Muskingum Conference, will preach at the Miles Chapel M. P. church on Saturday evening, Oct. 26, at 7 o'clock and on Sunday morning, Oct. 27, at 10 o'clock. The quarterly conference of the Hanover Circuit will be held at Miles chapel on Saturday afternoon, Oct. 26, at 2 o'clock.

Best oil 7c., gasoline 9c. per gallon Cans called for and returned, J. P. Lamb the grocer. 10-8-1mo

MEETING POSTPONED.
The McKean Township Sunday school Convention which was to have been held at the Highwater Union church October 27 has been postponed by order of the committee.
J. S. GRAHAM Sec.

Bon Ami
Polishes nickel on stoves, plumbing, faucets, etc.

LAUDANUM

TAKEN WITH SUICIDAL INTENT BY SHIELDS,

A Young Colored Man Who Rooms in the Tubbs House—Doctor Saved His Life.

John Shields, a well known young colored man, aged 23 years, who rooms with Frank Ellis, another colored man, on the third floor of the old Tubbs House, on the North Side, made an effort to end his life on Tuesday evening by taking a big dose of laudanum.

Shields is rather inclined to despondency and as things did not be coming his way of late, he became very down hearted, and on Tuesday made the remark that he did not care whether he lived twenty-four hours or not.

During the day he had drunk considerable liquor, and about dark on Tuesday evening he was found staggering around the street in a dazed condition, apparently in a very intoxicated condition. Friends, however, took him in charge, and succeeded in getting him to his room, where it was found that he was a very sick man.

Dr. Carey F. Leggo was called, and on examination found that he was suffering from the effects of laudanum. He administered the proper remedies, and by eight o'clock he was able to sit up and converse. This morning he was as well as usual and it will probably be some time before he again attempts to take his life.

The Modern Beauty

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy she uses the gentle and pleasant Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

If you love your wife, make it easy for her to get breakfast. Take home Mrs. Austin's Pancake Flour. d&w

Rotten Conditions at Naples:
London, Oct. 23.—The official report on Naples' administration gives proof of enormous bribery and corruption in the matter of municipal contracts and in appointments. The accounts show a deficit of several millions. The commission advises the Italian government to advance the sum of 50,000,000 lire to balance the accounts and to adopt sweeping reforms. A cabinet council will be held immediately to consider the report.

Fast Mail Wrecked.
Pocatello, Ida., Oct. 23.—The Oregon Short Line westbound fast mail was wrecked near McCammon, and Engineer Edward Purcell and Fireman Paul Spidwell, both of Pocatello, were instantly killed. No passengers were injured.

Captain Harris Killed.
Columbus, Miss., Oct. 23.—Joe Galvin, a young man, shot and killed Captain Willis Harris. Particulars are at present unobtainable owing to the great excitement. Captain Harris was a prominent citizen and a Confederate soldier.

UNKNOWN

WAS BURIED BY THE JEWS IN ZANESVILLE.

Grave at Hanover Prepared—In Another Hour Man Would Have Been Buried There.

The unknown man who was killed near Hanover last week by a Pan-Han passenger train was not buried in that village as was stated at the time of his death.

Instead he was identified as a Jew by a man from Frazzysburg, but nothing except as to his nationality, was known. He was taken to Frazzysburg and later to Zanesville where he was buried in the Jewish cemetery there at the expense of the Hebrews of that city.

The grave had been dug at Hanover for the interment, and an hour later the body would have been buried.

ELECTION

In the Licking County Agricultural Society Will be Held on Saturday, October 26.

The annual election of the Licking County Agricultural Society will be held Saturday, October 26, 1901, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m. Four directors are to be elected.

FUGITIVES

Shot Down by Turkish Soldiers on the Frontier—Search for Miss Stone Continues

Sofia, Oct. 23.—On the frontier, near Grosshelovo, five fugitives from Baniska, Macedonia, among them a brother of Mme. Tsilka, Miss Stone's companion, were shot dead by Turkish frontier guards while endeavoring to cross into Bulgarian territory. United States Consul General Dickinson, believing that they were members of the American mission church, has demanded an official inquiry. Great brutality exists in the district between Baniska and the frontier. Turkish officials have arrested over 100 residents of Bulgarian nationality and subjected them to torture in order to wring from them information as to Miss Stone's whereabouts. Several of them died under torture. The Bulgarian authorities, likewise worried over the affair, are continually arresting fugitives from Macedonia, and this causes bad blood.

More Missionaries to Go.
Constantinople, Oct. 23.—Should no news be received during the next 24 hours from the missionaries who are seeking the captors of Miss Ellen M. Stone and her companion, Madame K. S. Tsilka, more missionaries will be sent to assist in locating the brigand band. It is understood that the missionaries have been waiting at places in the vicinity of where the brigands are supposed to be, expecting to receive a communication from them. It is proposed now that a search party shall be organized to penetrate to the brigands' retreat. It is reported that Madame Tsilka, the companion of Miss Stone, died recently in captivity.

Here's Another One.
Vienna, Oct. 23.—"Miss Stone was captured," says the Sofia correspondent, "not by brigands, but by a detachment of Turkish cavalry, at the instigation of the sultan. It is reported that United States Consul General Dickinson has received intelligence from shepherds that Miss Stone was seen at Jakounda, on Turkish territory, about two hours' journey from the Bulgarian frontier."

Clergyman Visits Czolgosz.
Auburn, N. Y., Oct. 23.—Rev. Father Szadinski, pastor of St. Stanislaus Polish Catholic church of Rochester, visited Czolgosz. During the interview Czolgosz said that he had been baptized in the Roman Catholic faith in the Polish church in Detroit. He had abandoned the church early in life and had lost all faith in its teachings. Father Szadinski urged him to renounce his belief in anarchy and return to the faith of his early years. Czolgosz declared his inability to do so, and he was informed that unless he could the consolation of the church would be denied him. The priest urged the condemned man to consider this matter carefully, and told him that if at any time he decided to renounce the faith he would return from his home in Rochester and stay with him until the end.

Taylor Safe in Indiana.
Indianapolis, Oct. 23.—It is not likely that Governor Durbin will announce his decision in the matter of the last requisition of Governor Beckham for the extradition of Messrs. Taylor and Finley until after the trial of Caleb Powers at Georgetown, Ky. It is generally understood about the state house that the governor consented only out of courtesy to the Kentuckians who presented the requisition, to carefully investigate the records and that he has already read enough to convince him that he should not honor the requisition.

Duke's Debts.
London, Oct. 23.—At a family conference, which was attended by Eugene Zimmerman, it was arranged that he should pay £5,000 and the Duchess of Manchester £2,000 to liquidate the Duke of Manchester's debts. It was also announced that the present tenant of Kimbolton castle, the principal country seat of the Duke of Manchester, has consented to give up the place in order to gratify the wish of the duchess that her acouchment might occur there.

Schurz in the Fight.
New York, Oct. 23.—The anti-Tammany organizations held a large meeting at St. Nicholas rink. Columbia university students were much in evidence. Seth Low, candidate for mayor, and other fusion speakers, made addresses, but the principal one was by Carl Schurz, who, on this occasion, made his entrance into the campaign. Schurz complimented Edward Sheppard, but said he could not support him because of his connection with Tammany.

Gravel
with its pains and dangers, it is the only remedy for all cases of Gravel, Gout, Rheumatism, etc. It is the only remedy that will cure you in all cases. It is the only remedy that will cure you in all cases. It is the only remedy that will cure you in all cases.

Bright's Disease
has been cured by Favorite Remedy. For any organ trouble this medicine will prove a positive cure. One bottle will show what it will benefit you of. Surely it is worth the expenditure of one dollar if you can have your

Life Saved by
taking, before it is too late, **DOCTOR DAVID KENNEDY'S Favorite Remedy**
Sold by druggists or sent, express paid, for \$1. Sample bottle—enough for trial—sent free. Doctor David Kennedy Corporation, Roseland, N. Y.

The Beginning of Catarrh

It starts with a sneeze and a cold. Stop it before it lays its foundation. The best remedy in all stages of catarrh.

HAGEE'S

CORDIAL

of Cod Liver Oil

With Hyposphosphites and Soda. It builds up the system and cures much of the disease. It is pleasant to take. No oil. No greasy taste. Sold by leading druggists. \$1.00 a bottle.

KATHARMON CHEMICAL COMPANY, St. Louis, Mo.

An Unreliable Watch is Worse Than None. We can make yours reliable. New ones at astonishingly low prices.

MAYLONE & DOE,

"They Sell Watches."

No. 7 South Third Street.

RAILROADS.

Conductor C. M. Reel of the Midland division is off on a short leave of absence.

W. T. Sawyer who has been off duty on account of an injured foot has reported for work.

I. E. Woolard one of the faithful yard callers is acting as chief caller during Charlie Crane's absence.

Fireman Robert Atherton who has been off duty for some time on account of stomach trouble has reported for work.

Fireman Henry McDonald after having been off duty with an injured eye for some days, has returned to work.

Ernest Grubbs, a shop employe, is off duty with an injured leg.

W. H. Buckingham, who had one of his feet injured some time ago, has recovered and resumed work.

Fireman J. H. Gearhart, after having been off for some days on account of rheumatism, has reported for duty.

Brakeman J. M. Manion of the L. E. division, has O. K'd for work, after having been off duty a short time.

Fireman J. M. Wilson, who has been off duty on account of sickness, has reported for work.

Conductor Woodward of the L. E. division, after having been off for a short time, has returned to work. Conductor J. C. O'Dowd, who had his neck badly injured some time ago will return to work on the first of the month.

Brakeman K. Kinney of the L. E. division, has O. K'd for work after having been off for a time.

Charles Stout, an employe of the shops, is suffering with a severe attack of lumbago.

Brakeman Davis, of the Shawnee run, is off for one round trip.

Conductor L. Sullivan has O. K'd for work.

Brakeman J. H. Shimmel is off on leave of absence.

Peter Wildman, an employe of the shops, is off duty with an injured hand.

Conductor T. Africa of the C. O. division, has returned to work after an absence of some time.

Fireman C. S. Devoll had the misfortune to injure one of his feet, and is laying off duty in consequence.

Conductor D. J. Caldwell of the C. O., has returned to work, after having been off duty for some days.

Fireman F. W. Baseman, who has been off on account of sickness, has recovered and returned to work.

"Doc" Crammer, the efficient B. & O. lineman was badly frightened this morning. Parties were engaged in burning a lot of rubbish near his office, which is located in the small brick building, just across the tracks from the baggage room, and a spark had set fire to a lot of old barrels and boxes, under the building, and the fire

had gained considerable headway before it was discovered by Chief Train-dispatcher H. S. Fordyce. The alarm was promptly given, and a bucket brigade under the command of Martin Flanagan quickly extinguished the flames, without damage to the building.

George W. Spencer, acting superintendent of the Akron division of the B. & O., headquarters at Chicago Junction, was in Newark yesterday on his way back from the east. Mr. Spencer, who was for years stationed at this point while in the dispatcher's office, called on friends and relatives here during the afternoon.

B. & O. EXCURSIONS.

Excursion tickets are sold every Sunday between all local stations on Baltimore and Ohio railroad west of the Ohio river at rate of one fare for the round trip good going and returning on date of sale.

An Innovation—Excursion to New York and Buffalo.—The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad will sell low rate excursion tickets to Buffalo, N. Y., during the Pan-American Exposition, and in order to give its patrons an opportunity to visit the Exposition in connection with a tour of the eastern cities will also sell excursion tickets to New York and return, going via Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia and returning via Buffalo with stop at Buffalo and any one of the other cities mentioned. These tickets will be on sale daily until October 20 and information concerning the rates, limits, stop-over privileges and other conditions may be secured from agents. Call on nearest Baltimore and Ohio ticket agent for time of trains, sleeping car accommodations, etc.

Half Rates to Zanesville, Ohio, via the B. & O. railroad—October 22 and 23 the B. & O. railroad company will sell excursion tickets from all local stations in Ohio to Zanesville, O., at the rate of one fare for the round trip, account of Ohio Baptist Convention. Tickets will be good for return until October 25, 1901.

Low Rate Excursion to Chicago, Ill., via B. & O. railroad—On December 2, 3 and 4 the B. & O. railroad company will sell excursion tickets from all local stations west of the Ohio river to Chicago, Ill., at rate of one fare plus \$2 for the round trip, account Second International Live Stock Exposition and National Live Stock Exposition, Fifth Annual Convention. Tickets will be good for return until December 8. Tickets must be deposited with joint Agent on date of arrival, at Chicago and fee of 25 cents paid at time of deposit.

Low Excursion Rates to Fort Worth, Texas, via the B. & O. railroad—On November 10 and 11, the B. & O. railroad company will sell excursion tickets from all local stations west of the Ohio river to Ft. Worth, Texas, at rate of one fare plus \$2 for the round trip, account of W. C. T. U. National Convention. Tickets will be good for return until November 25. A fee of 50c additional is to be collected by Joint Agent at Ft. Worth at time ticket is to be validated for return passage.

Go to John Hser for shoes, boots and all kinds of rubbers, also repairing. No. 7 N. Fourth street. 10-21-1m

Itching Scalp.

Scalp Head and the most Violent Form of Itching Scalp. Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment.

Among small children, scald head and similar itching skin diseases are most prevalent, and the worst feature is that these ailments, which are apparently trivial at first almost invariably develop into chronic eczema if neglected.

There is but one treatment that physicians unanimously recommend for scald head and eczema, and that is Dr. Chase's Ointment, the great antiseptic healer. It promptly stops the distressing itching which accompanies these diseases and positively produces a thorough and complete cure.

Mr. J. H. Grant, Detroit, Mich., writes:

"For three years I have been troubled by an intense itching on my body. So terrible was it at times that I could get no rest night or day. I tried all kinds of ointments and blood purifiers, but could get no relief. Mr. H. A. Nicolai of 379 Division street recommended Dr. Chase's Ointment. A few applications stopped the itching and I have felt nothing since."

Baby Eczema.


Mr. F. S. Rose, of 153 Sixteenth street, Buffalo, N. Y., writes:

"Our baby boy suffered for some time with that wretched eczema, and we were unable to find anything to cure or even relieve his pain. A few applications of Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment stopped the itching and healed the sores, and a bright, natural skin now takes their place."

50 cents at all dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale at City Drug Store, Newark, Ohio.

For rheumatism, chronic constipation, sick or nervous headache or impaired digestion, take



Wright's Celery Tea

25c and 50c a box. At druggists or by mail.

THE WRIGHT MEDICAL CO., COLUMBUS, O.

AUDITORIUM
Monday, Oct. 28.

Frank Keenan

By Charles Klein

"The Greatest American Play"

A Complete Production

Scenery by Unitt

Costumes by Dazian

Properties by Seidle

Prices: 25, 50, 75, \$1.00.

G. R. Roberts of Lintner, Ill., suffered four years with a wad in his stomach and could not eat. He lost 65 pounds. Two bottles of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin restored his appetite, cured his stomach trouble and today he is well and hearty and says he owes his health to Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.

Sold at Johnson and Hall's drug stores.

For Over Fifty Years.
An old and well tried remedy—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is one of the best remedies for diarrhoea. It is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Its value is incalculable. 25 cents per bottle. Be sure and get Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other. m.w.i.w.

Riley and His Work.
The poet who is nearest and dearest to the heart of the great American people is James Whitcomb Riley.

To those who know him and have heard him recite with simple, unaffected pathos some of his poems like "Goodbye, Jim," they assume new depths of meaning. Dialect is not an essential of his muse, for some of his beautiful sonnets would give him a name even if he had never written in dialect.

During the past few years Mr. Riley's life has deepened into more earnestness and fuller realization of his possibilities. The serious purpose has not lessened his fun loving nature nor his appreciation of a jest. In the old days when he was a sign painter in Indianapolis he enjoyed being led around as the "wonderful blind man." He enjoyed fooling the public with his exquisite poem "Leonaire," which he credited to Poe.

But his best trick was when the family homestead was threatened to be foreclosed. He and his sisters sent the old folks to California on a trip, and when they were gone he paid the mortgage and propped up the fences, rebuilt the barn, fixed the corncribs, brightened the old familiar furniture and then awaited the homecoming of the old people, who didn't recognize the place.

BAPTISTS

ELECTED THE REV. U. S. DAVIS, OF DAYTON, PRESIDED.

A Former Granville Man—Denison University Boomed at the Big Zanesville Meeting.

Zanesville, O., Oct. 23.—Tuesday's session of the Ohio Baptist association was devoted to the Ohio Baptist Ministers' conference. At the close of the devotional service Rev. Millard Brelsford of Urbana delivered an address on "The Wrath of God." It was a very scholarly, exegetical study. Mr. Brelsford is well known in Newark, having a few years ago been a student at Granville.

Rev. Dr. Henry Parish of Youngstown followed with his address, "The Lessons From My Barrel." His "barrel" is the receptacle for his delivered sermons. He said an examination of it would show that when a man enters the ministry he does not go on a holiday excursion. He said the road to success in the ministry was incessant study and living familiarly with Bible truths. He severely criticized the Roman Catholic creed.

Rev. J. C. Massie of Mansfield in his address on "Actuals and Ideals" in preaching said that every man must have his own ideal and embody in himself the message he proclaims. He said Christ's ministry was not ideal. It is necessary to live for men. In discussing this subject Rev. M. W. Foshy of Cleveland condemned sensational preaching as productive of no real good.

Rev. J. L. Cheney, of Cleveland, the president of the conference, then delivered the address of welcome to the new ministers, Rev. E. A. Hanley of Cleveland responding.

The following officers were elected and the conference adjourned: President, U. S. Davis, Dayton; first vice president, A. B. Coates, Akron; second vice president, C. H. Maxon, Cincinnati; secretary, George D. Rodgers, Zanesville; treasurer, J. S. Ebersole, Coshocton. The new President, Rev. U. S. Davis is another Granville man, a Denison graduate, class of '92. Mr. Davis is pastor of a prominent church at Dayton.

Last night's session was devoted to the Ohio Baptist educational society, the features of which were an address on "The Church's Concern for Ministerial Culture," by Rev. Joseph Taylor of Columbus, and a sermon by Rev. T. H. Pattison, D. D., of the Rochester Theological seminary.

The president's address was given by Rev. B. F. Patt of Newark. It was a very interesting address. Secretary Carman of Granville then read the report of the board. He called attention to the marked enlargement of the work, also to the reduction of current expenses in the sum of \$1,600, and by other figures that the finances of the institution were on the gain. He stated, however, that only about 280 out of the 625-650 Baptist churches in the state were contributing to assist in educating the ministry. There are 155 new students at Denison college, bringing the total enrollment to nearly 400 students.

Prof. Clarke W. Chamberlain, of Granville, who was to have delivered an address on the subject, "Element of Accuracy in Ministerial Training," was absent by reason of death in his family and his place was supplied by Prof. J. L. Gilpatrick, of Denison university, who gave an interesting talk upon the university and its great work.

The attendance is the largest in the history of the association.

A BARGAIN FOR CASH.
A lot on North avenue near square. Price \$600. Inquire Franklin Insurance Agency, office first stairway south of Doty House, Newark, Ohio.

10-19-1mo

REGISTER FRIDAY.

Are you registered in the precinct in which you live? If not be sure to get your name on the registration books on Friday, October 25. The hours of registration are from 9 to 1 p. m. and from 4 to 9 p. m. If you are not registered you can not vote.

If you love your wife make it easy for her to get breakfast. Take home Mrs. Austin's Pancake Flour. bw.

Handkerchief Bazar will be given Thursday, October 24, at the residence of Mrs. Fred Sites. Benefit of City Hospital. 10-13-7t

Best oil 7c, gasoline 9c. per gallon. Cans called for and returned. J. P. Lamb the grocer. 10-8-1mo.

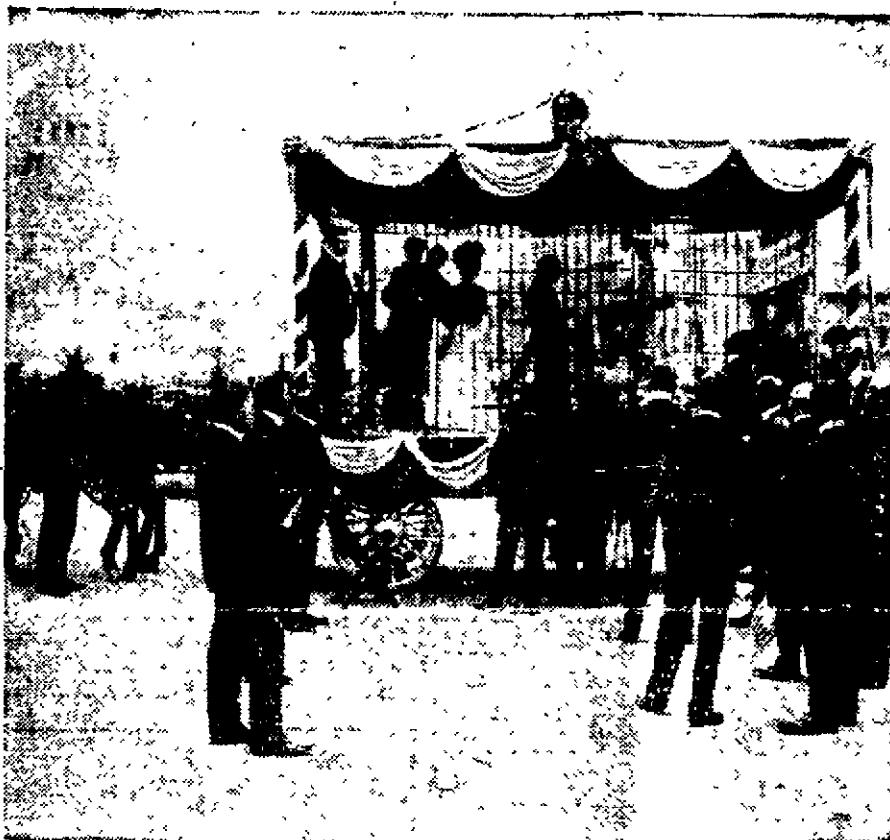


Photo copyright, 1901, by C. D. Arnold, Buffalo.

WEDDING IN A LION'S CAGE AT THE PAN-AMERICAN.

One of the most striking novelties at the Pan-American exposition was the recent marriage ceremony performed in a lion's cage. Four real live lions occupied the cage with the wedding party. In the picture the keeper can be seen enforcing a respectful attitude on the part of the animals. The couple were willing to turn their marriage ceremony into a public show were William McAlpin and Miss Caro Clancy, the latter announced as "of Colorado." The minister who lent his consecrated services to the occasion was the Rev. Charles H. Jones of the Central Presbyterian church of Buffalo. The service was hurried, though the lions, under awe of the keeper's whip, made no demonstration other than uttering a few growls.

GOWNS Don't Make The Actress

By **ELSIE DEWOLFE**
"Best Dressed Woman on The American Stage"



One admires a neat gown more than I, but at the same time, what constitutes proper dress? The tendency in America, both among the women of the stage and of society, is toward overdress. The shop-girl, with her white waist and neat cotton skirt, seated in a modest luncheon room at the noon hour, is a better dressed woman than many whom I have seen at the Waldorf-Astoria at the same hour clad in rich velvet and ablaze with jewels.

PROPER DRESS CONSISTS, FIRST, OF A DISPLAY OF GOOD TASTE, WHICH IS USUALLY SHOWN IN MODESTY OF RAIMENT RATHER THAN THE OTHER EXTREME.

In order to dress well women should study themselves and so discover what is most appropriate to their peculiar charm. They should possess individuality in the selection of their costumes, but should know their own strength before attempting anything that could be considered "daring" in their raiment.

By carefully watching this point almost any woman can dress well—that is, becomingly, no matter how small her income. And every woman desires to be well gowned, for nothing so adds to her appearance and her ability to please. It is a feminine trait, this desire to please, and a woman without it would to my mind be a most unfeminine creature.

BUT I DO NOT THINK THAT A LACK OF PROPER DRESS COULD FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME SUPPRESS REAL TALENT IN AN ACTRESS, NOR COULD A CHANGE OF GOWNS SEVERAL TIMES DAILY MAKE AN ARTIST OF ONE WHOSE ABILITY WAS LIMITED TO THE SELECTION OF SILKS AND LACES ALONE.

It is ability that carries one to the top of the ladder of histrionic fame. Clothes may secure for one an opportunity for an engagement, but it is talent that wins the place.



Photo taken by United States signal corps.

BURNING A FILIPINO VILLAGE.

Little has been heard from the island of Samar since the first news of the massacre, but if you think the regular army in the Philippines has forgotten the event you are mistaken. This picture gives a hint of some of the things which happen to disloyal villages.

COLONEL ADAMS

IS HIGHLY PLEASED OVER THE RIFLE PRACTICE.

Sanitary Conditions Perfect—Marksmanship Shows Credit of Several Points Over Last Year.

Assistant Adjutant General C. B.

Adams pronounces this year's state rifle shoot, which closed at Newark Monday the best in the history of the guard. He has not completed the average of the contestants, but believes they will show an improvement from 7 to 10 per cent. in the marksmanship over that of the preceding year.

Every military body in the state was represented excepting the artillery branch, and over 150 entered in the contests. The men showed much interest in the shoot and their deportment was of a high order. No guard line was established. Three pickets were detailed for duty at headquarters and to watch the commissary and quartermaster stores.

Aside from some minor ailments the camp was free from sickness. Col. Adams thinks October weather is better than that of July for rifle practice. The water supply on the state grounds comes from wells and is inexhaustible. The water has been analyzed and found to be absolutely pure. The grounds are in perfect sanitary condition. A rule prohibiting the depositing of garbage or refuse of any kind on the grounds is rigidly enforced.

This is the third shoot which has been held, and they will take place annually from now henceforth. The first one was held just prior to the commencement of the Spanish war.—Columbus Press.

OUT ON STRIKE

Go the Cranemen at Illinois Steel Plant in South Chicago—Trouble Breaks Out.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Trouble has broken out afresh at the Illinois steel works in South Chicago. The crane-men, who handle the molten metal ladles, have gone out on a strike, alleging that the company demanded that they do machinists' work on repairs. A number of machinists also quit work. The trouble at the steel works is of long standing. The crane-men who struck are the only men in the plant who favored the Amalgamated Association and President Shaffer at the time of the great steel strike. The men claim they have been persecuted ever since the monster strike of the steel workers ended.

Close of the Pan.
Buffalo, Oct. 23.—The board of directors of the Pan-American exposition adopted the following: "Resolved, that Saturday, Nov. 2, at midnight, be fixed as the time of the final closing of the exposition." At midnight of Nov. 2 the lights of the electric tower and other lights used in the illumination will be finally turned off and the exposition closed. The reduced rate of 15 cents for the admission of the public and parochial school children of Buffalo has been extended to all children outside of Buffalo.

Righted a Wrong.
Springfield, Ill., Oct. 23.—Frank King appeared in court and acknowledged he had stolen the horse for the stealing of which Andrew Carmody had been sentenced to the penitentiary. Judge Moffett consented to call a special session of the grand jury in November that King might be indicted. When this is done King will plead guilty and be sentenced and Carmody will be released.

Filipinos Executed.
Washington, Oct. 23.—The records in 20 court martial cases wherein the charge was murder have been received at the war department from the headquarters of the division of the Philippines. In the majority of the cases sentences of death by hanging were imposed and approved. All of them bore features of unusual barbarity and cruelty.

London's Water Supply.
London, Oct. 23.—The government intends to introduce during the next session of parliament a bill for the establishment of a water board to control the water supply of London by taking over the rights of the existing water companies.

Farmer Hanged.
Dallas, Tex., Oct. 23.—John Pearl, a white farmer of Brown county, 25 years of age, was hanged at Coleman, Tex. He killed Edward Tucker, a white neighbor, in December last.

Oil Mill Burned.
Groesbeck, Tex., Oct. 23.—The Groesbeck cottonseed oil mill was destroyed by fire. Loss \$55,000, insurance \$10,000.

Dr. Fennell's GOLDEN RELIEF
Old Sores, Wounds, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Aches, Pains, Burns, Scalds, Itch, Eruptions, Etc.
INFLAMMATION
Sore Throat, Headache, Stomach, Toothache, Eruptions, Cold, Sore Throat, Etc.
"Colds," "Feverish Fevers," GRIP.
CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT
In one to thirty minutes.
Sold by R. W. Smith and A. F. Grayton.

Once Again

One half a case of Strictly all Wool Underwear Shirts or Drawers. Sold for \$1 a garment. Take your choice for 50c a garment.

ED DOE, Newark's Busiest Clothier

J. P. Lamb, The Meat Man,

Has a Snap to Offer From Oct. 1st In Fresh Meats

I have bought 100 head of good Western Native Steers and will sell at the following low prices while they last:

Porterhouse steak	12½c per lb.	Boiling meat	5c, 6c, 8c and 10c lb.
L. in steak	12½c per lb.	Fresh pork sausage	12½c lb.
Round steak	12½c per lb.	Fresh pork	12½c lb.
Chuck steak	10c per lb.	Fresh Lard, not compound	10c per lb.
Rib roast	10c per lb.	A bargain.	
Chuck roast	8c and 10c per lb.	One lot California Hams	10c lb.

Also a Full Line of Groceries

At the lowest prices in the city. We have the goods and the prices the lowest and want trade. Give us a trial order and save money. Both Phones—No. 16.

J. P. LAMB, South Side Park.

MEN'S HUMANIC SHOES

ALL LEATHERS.

LINEHAN BROS.

Only One of the Nelson Beauties.



Nelson's Popular Freak Box Calf.

UNION MADE. NO. 60.

ULTRA BRITISH (U. B.) English stay, leather strap round top, punched top and vamp, G. W. Bal. Large holed bevel tip, calf, trimmed, duck lined, celluloid hooks and eyelets. Two rows rope stitch. 17 square edge, full extension flange heel, in cracker shank. Widths 2, 1 and 1. Sizes 5 to 10. Plain straps. \$3.50. No. 60. Use figure when ordering by mail.

CARL & SEYMOUR,

South Side Square.

Sole Agents.

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

We are showing a superb line of purses and pocket books in genuine seal, alligator, monkey skin, wild steer, Morocco, etc. All the styles, varieties and novelties are here for your inspection and selection.

R. W. SMITH Prescription Druggist.
Trusses, Chamois Vests and Pipes.

REGISTER FRIDAY.

Are you registered in the precinct in which you live? If not be sure to get your name on the registration books on Friday, October 25. The hours of registration are from 9 to 1 p. m. and from 4 to 9 p. m. If you are not registered you can not vote.

No trouble to get breakfast quick if you have Mrs. Austin's famous Pancake Flour. Your grocer will supply you. d&w

Some people aim high, and then shut their eyes and trust to luck.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

To accommodate those who are partial to the use of atomizers in applying liquids into the nasal passages for catarrhal troubles, the proprietors prepare Cream Balm in liquid form which will be known as Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price including the spraying tube, is 75 cts. Druggists or by mail. The liquid form embodies the medicinal properties of the solid preparation. Cream Balm is quickly absorbed by the membrane and does not dry up the secretions but changes them to a natural and healthy character. Ely Bros., 36 Warren st., N. Y. m-w-f-w

Puffed up—A well advertised cigar.

Dr. C. H. Stimson's Medicines.

Stimson's Black Capsules—The same "ever" medicine you have always had from his office. Large box 25 cts.

Stimson's Little Liver Pills—These pills are just the same as the Doctor uses in his practice. Price 25 cts.

Stimson's Black Tablets—They are the black tablets for the liver, same as you got at his office. 50 tablets in box Price 25c.

Stimson's Baby Cordial—For teething colic, babies. Price 25 cts.

Stimson's Cough Syrup—The same old cough remedy you have had for years. Price 25 cts.

Stimson's Malarial Tablets—The tonic Dr. Stimson prescribes for Fever and Malaria. Price 50 cts.

Stimson's Black Salve—For old sores. Price 25 cts.

Stimson's White Salve—For Eczema and all skin diseases to smooth the face. Price 25 cts.

Stimson's Pile Ointment—For Hemorrhoids (all forms). Price 25 cts.

Stimson's Asthma Remedy—For Asthma the same remedy he gave you before. Price \$1.00.

Stimson's Syphilitic Specific—The remedy for Syphilis. Price \$1.50.

Stimson's Tonic Bitters—Will make you eat. Price \$1.00.

Stimson's Golden Seal Stomach Powders—The same stomach powder that made his reputation for curing Dyspepsia. Price 50c.

For sale by the following druggists:

Albert F. Crayton, South Side Square.
Frank D. Hall, North Side Square.



Alpine Safe and Lock Co.,
Cincinnati, Ohio.
Alpine Fire Proof Safe,
The best made.
Consult us before buying.
FRANK J. SCHIMPF, Agent.
14½ North Second street, Newark, O.

DR. J. I. LEWIS, Dentist.

Teeth extracted without pain. Work guaranteed. Office hours 8 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m. 42 North Third street.

Dr. R. W. DeCrow,
Office 17 West Locust Street.
Res. 125 W. Church st.

Newark Steam Works
Renovators of Furniture, Carpets, Feathers.
Frank Mylius, Successor to J. W. Evans.
Moul Street. Both 'Phones

Newark Business College, 17th Year.
Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, English branches and Penmanship.
Day and Evening Sessions.
S. L. Beehey, Principal.

DR. G. S. FARQUHAR,
Specialist in Chronic Diseases.
Twenty-five years experience. Office hours 9:30 to 11:30 a. m., 1:30 to 5:30 p. m. 6:30 to 9 p. m. New 'Phone 108.
No. 17 North Fourth st., Newark, O.

DR. A. W. BEARD,
DENTIST.
Office hours—8 to 11:30, 12:30 to 3.
Up to date methods in Dentistry. Filling, Crowning and Bridge Work and Plates of all kinds. All work guaranteed. Extracting a specialty, and as near painless as possible. Gas and vitalized air used when desired.
Office—First stairway north of Carroll's dry goods store, North Third street.
Residence—140 West Main street.

E. M. P. BRISTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW—NEWARK, O.
Office in room formerly occupied by Joel M. Dennis, northwest corner West Main and Third streets.
Will practice in all the courts. Special attention given to the settlement of estates, assignments and all Probate Court practice.

JOSEPH RENZ,
NOTARY PUBLIC—REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.
Office at Auditor's Office in Court House. Deeds and mortgages written. All business entrusted to me will be promptly and carefully attended to.

R. W. HOWARD,
Lawyer,
Newark, Ohio, S. Side Square.
Prompt attention given to all legal business entrusted to his care.
Office over Taylor's Grocery.

SAMUEL M. HUNTER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
Office over Horney & Easton's Book Store, South of City House.
Will practice in Lincoln and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections, correspondence and the business of an attorney.

THAT SPEECH DID IT.

General Buller Finally Relieved of His Command.

BRITISH WAR OFFICE FORCED TO ACT

Tendered Him the Option of Resigning, but He Declined to Give Way. General French Appointed to Succeed Him—Press Comment on the Closing of a Brilliant Career.

London, Oct. 23.—In consequence of the speech General Sir Redvers Buller made Oct. 10, after the luncheon given in his honor by the King's Royal rifles, the war office has relieved him of the command of the First army corps. He has been placed on half pay, and General French has been appointed to succeed him. In his speech Buller admitted having sent General White a dispatch advising the surrender of the garrison at Ladysmith. In the official announcement the war office says the commander-in-chief, "after full consideration of all the circumstances and the explanations offered," recommended that General Buller be relieved, which has been done. The appointment of General French is to take effect "when his services are no longer required in South Africa." Pending General French's return General Hildyard will command at Aldershot.

General Buller's suspension was not unexpected, but the manner of it has caused a sensation. It is understood that the government endeavored to break the fall by giving him the option of resigning, but that Buller declined to give way. The papers all express sympathy for the unfortunate ending of a brilliant career, but they are unanimous that no other course was open after his indiscreet speech, and they express the greatest approval of the selection of General French to succeed him. The Daily Chronicle and The Daily News attack the government for weakness and lack of courage in ever appointing General Buller to the command of an army corps. The Times, confirming the report that General Buller preferred dismissal to resignation, expresses astonishment at his "amazing defects of judgment and sense of military discipline," and says it is the beginning of an era of real army reform.

Filipino Activity.

Manilla, Oct. 23.—General Chaffee does not expect to hear of any extensive engagement in the island of Samar. He believes the operations there will not result in an open fight. It is hard to find armed Filipinos, but every man without occupation will be compelled to go into a town. It is reported that all the rifles captured by the Filipinos at Balangiga are now in the island of Leyte, where many bolomen are known to have gone from the island of Samar. In fact, Leyte is as disturbed as Samar. The object of the reinforcement of American troops now being pushed forward is to increase all the garrisons to 38 men. Some of them have until recently numbered only eight men. The reinforcements will also allow the detailing of a working force to operate in the field, hunting for insurgents. General Wheaton reports that a band of bolomen has entered Tarlac province, island of Luzon.

Novel Plan of Strikers.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—A novel plan to escape conflict with a court order has been hit upon by union labor men and will be put into execution here. Fearing that any attempt by them to talk with the nonunion machinists at the Allis-Chalmers company shops might be construed as a violation of the injunction recently issued by Judge Kohlsaat, in the federal court, against picketing, the striking machinists will communicate with the men inside the works by means of printed cards. It is the first time that a printed card has played so important a part in a big strike. It is believed by the unionists that this mute appeal to the men who have taken the places of the strikers will prove efficacious, and at the same time be within the limits of the law.

Strawboard Trust.

Indianapolis, Oct. 23.—Strawboard manufacturers of Ohio, Illinois and Indiana met here and took steps toward the formation of a national combination. With them the senior member of Dean & Shibley of New York, Providence and Boston, met. The scheme, as adopted and indorsed, provides for a combination of large proportions, similar in many respects to the Standard Oil company. There are three classes of boxboard manufacturers, the strawboard men, the wood-pulp men and the chip or news men. The combine will have \$22,000,000 capital, with offices in New York.

President Roosevelt's Movements.
Farmington, Conn., Oct. 23.—President Roosevelt's visit in Farmington proved quite a suitable addition to the historic annals of this ordinarily quiet old town. The intention of the president's sister, Mrs. Cowles, to make the occasion a private affair, was considerably overcome by the anxiety of the people to see the president and to grasp his hand. The president left for New Haven, where he will receive a degree from Yale.

Redmond's Mission.

Cork, Oct. 23.—John Redmond, M. P., arrived here on his way to the United States. He was received by an immense crowd, and numerous addresses were presented to him. In a general reply Mr. Redmond reassured that he was not going beyond the Atlantic on a begging mission, but rather to appeal to Irish Americans to "take their proper place in fighting the battles of the old country."

Advocate Puzzle Picture.



THE BATHER HAS LOST HIS SHIRT. HELP HIM FIND IT.

Ended in a Tragedy.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Oct. 23.—Carl Stubbfield, one of the oldest and wealthiest residents of this city, was shot and instantly killed by Meyer Solmsion, formerly city editor of The Daily Graphic. The shooting, it is said, was the result of an attack made by Stubbfield on Solmsion concerning an article Solmsion was alleged to have written while doing newspaper work. In this trouble Solmsion was painfully injured. Stubbfield was arrested but was released on his own recognizance.

Roosevelt's Action Indorsed.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—President Roosevelt's action in entertaining Booker T. Washington, the noted colored educator, at the White House, was upheld and publicly approved by the American Missionary association, which opened its fifty-fifth annual meeting at the First Congregational church at Oak Park. The matter had been a common topic of conversation among the delegates throughout the day, the society's prominence in the education of the negro making the matter of unusual interest. Additional importance was lent to the affair from the fact that Booker T. Washington is a protégé of the association. He received his first assistance in securing an education from the association.

Doctor's Discovery.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Dr. Jacques Loeb of the University of Chicago read a paper before the university medical society stating that he had discovered an antitoxin for the poisonous effects of the common salt solutions in animals. He made the discovery in studying the segmentation, that is, the separation of the impregnated part of the embryo in a cell and the beginning of its individual life. The salt solution, on account of the poison, killed the incipient animals. But when a calcium preparation was added to the salt solution, 80 per cent of the segmented embryos lived. Dr. Loeb concluded, therefore, that calcium is an antitoxin for sodium chloride, or common salt.

Alleges Default.

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 23.—Paul Romare of Atlanta, as trustee for the bondholders, has filed a bill of complaint to foreclose a deed of trust given him as trustee by the Broken Arrow Coal and Mining company of St. Clair county, Ala., on the machinery and 3,156 acres of coal lands, to secure bonds and coupons amounting to \$107,750. The bill alleges that the defendant has defaulted in the payment of interest and is insolvent, and has leased the mines to the Coa. City Coal and Coke company, impairing the security of the bondholders. The case is set for hearing Oct. 30, on a rule nisi for a receiver.

Union Veterans' Union.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—President Theodore Roosevelt was unanimously elected a comrade of the Union Veterans' union at the opening session of the union will continue four days. The objects of the organization are to secure purity in politics and recognition for the Union veterans.

Laborers Crushed.

Salem, O., Oct. 23.—Six Roumanian laborers were caught under an overturned car of steel bars at the Lisbon tin mill. Two were killed and four injured. The killed: John Mona, John Blugh. Injured: John Michi, Steven Fenzon, John Nerza, James Matting.

Worry Killed Him.

Wabash, Ind., Oct. 23.—Worry has killed John Dye. He was one of several heirs to an alleged estate of several thousand acres of coal land in Pennsylvania. Recently he received many anonymous letters stating that he would be kidnapped and held for ransom. He was an old man and the letters threw him into a paroxysm of fright.

If the British government desires the social advancement of the people, it will send out its army flour in cotton sacks instead of barrels. With a flour sack apiece, aided more or less by the cartoons cut from comic papers, the ladies will jump civilization half a century ahead in a year.

Made a Haul.

New Lexington, O., Oct. 23.—Burglars entered the postoffice at Junction City and blew open the safe, securing nearly \$2,000 in money and stamps. No clew has as yet been found to point out the guilty parties.

Noted Politician.

Columbus, O., Oct. 23.—Neville Williams, 40, chairman of the Franklin county Democratic executive committee, and formerly recorder of this county, is dead from appendicitis.

Sons of Yale.

New Haven, Oct. 23.—In a great amphitheater the Sons of Yale witnessed an allegorical performance by the dramatic association of the university and listened to the songs of the student chorus, drilled especially for this feature of the bicentennial celebration. A portion of the day was devoted to football in which the varsity eleven showed its prowess and the veteran heroes of the gridiron matched their strength and old-time skill victoriously against the college team.

Woman Suffragists.

Springfield, O., Oct. 23.—The Ohio Woman Suffrage association began its sixteenth annual convention here. Besides routine business, including the appointment of committees, welcome addresses were made by Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the national association; Mrs. Upton Warren, president of state association, and Madam Friedland of Moscow, Russia.

Columbus Councilman Sued.

Columbus, O., Oct. 23.—Mayor John N. Hinkle has brought suit against Councilman John J. Engler to recover \$10,000 damages for alleged slander. The petition recites that on Oct. 4, 1901, Councilman Engler, in conversation with several gentlemen, accused the mayor of visiting disorderly houses for illicit purposes.

Burned to Death.

Troy, O., Oct. 23.—Ida Walker, a young woman who lived at Kessler, near this place, was burned to death. While engaged in boiling cider the wind blew the flames over her dress and ignited it. She was burned almost to a crisp from her neck to her feet.

Woman Fatally Burned.

Butler, O., Oct. 23.—Mrs. Kate Peaker, a farmer's wife, living near Davis, will probably die from the effects of burns. While in the act of carrying a crock of hot apple butter she missed her footing and fell, and the hot liquid splashed over her head and shoulders.

Killed by a Trolley.

Chillicothe, O., Oct. 23.—The three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Trabelott was run over and instantly killed by a motor car near their home. The little tot, while playing in front of her house, ran across the streetcar tracks and was struck.

Big Blaze.

Philadelphia, Oct. 23.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the drying and hair department of Congressman Robert H. Forrester's leather factory at Bridesburg, a suburb of this city. The loss is estimated at over \$100,000, fully covered by insurance.

Turf Winners.

At St. Louis—Miss Guido, Ogie, Revok, Nettle Regent, Alina S., Hub.
At Morris Park—Gueswork, Kenzie, Femosele, Water Color, Imp. Bowen.
At Chicago—Shut Up, Valda, McCheney, Denman Thompson, Hopedale, Kohnwreath.

TO THE POINT.

Globules of News Depicting Doings of the Busy World.
Earthquakes in West Indies.
Remains of the late Senator Davis of Minnesota interred in Arlington cemetery, Washington.
Officials of the Boyertown (Pa.) National bank admit a shortage of \$30,000. Cashier Mory still missing.
Jose Fernandez shot and killed Annie B. Horne at Norwich, Conn., and then took his own life. Jealousy.
At Middlesboro, Ky., Henry Cummings of Hartrauff, Tenn., killed Brantam Elam of Straight Creek. Old grudge.
Jewelry valued at \$10,000 stolen from the residence of Harris Mandelbaum, New York. Missing servant suspected.

SIGSBEE TO SCHLEY.

Reported the Spanish Fleet Was Not at Santiago.

SO TESTIFIES SEVERAL WITNESSES.

A Newspaper Correspondent Tells the Naval Court of Inquiry What He Overheard in Conversations Between the Officers of the American Blockading Squadron.

Washington, Oct. 23.—George E. Graham, an Associated Press correspondent, who was with Commodore Schley during the Santiago campaign, was a witness before the court of inquiry. Mr. Graham testified to hearing a conversation between Commodore Schley and Captain Sigsbee when the latter came aboard the flagship Brooklyn off Santiago May 26. He said he had distinctly heard Captain Sigsbee tell the commodore that the Spanish fleet was not inside the harbor at Santiago. Mr. Graham also stated that Admiral Schley had told him that the object of the bombardment of May 31 was to develop the Spanish land batteries, and he said that the range was fixed at 7,000 or 7,400 yards in order to draw their fire. He further said with reference to the events of this engagement that he had heard no conversation in which Commodore Schley had said that the officers in their white uniforms were conspicuous objects.

Mr. Graham detailed a conversation between Commodore Schley and Captain Robley D. Evans, which took place after the Santiago campaign. Said the witness: "Captain Evans came into the cabin. I sat at a round table in the center. Commodore Schley got up and shook hands with Captain Evans and the latter said: 'Schley, did you see Philip turn around and out of the fight?' The commodore replied: 'No, neither did you. He did not run out of the fight.' Captain Evans said: 'Oh, yes he did, I saw him.' The commodore said: 'It was not the Texas at all. The Texas was in the fight all the time. The ship you saw turn around was the Brooklyn.'"

The other witnesses were: Dennis J. Cronin, who was Admiral Schley's orderly, and who also testified along the same lines as Mr. Graham to the interview with Captain Sigsbee; Lieutenant Commander William R. Rush, who said he thought the Viscaya had planned to ram the Brooklyn; Lieutenant Edward Simpson, who gave a very graphic picture of the battle of July 3, and Lieutenant Edward T. Fitzgerald, an assistant engineer, who was on duty in the fire room on July 3 and who testified that an order had been given early in the action to stand by for a ram.

Stamped in a Theater.

Louisville, Oct. 23.—Hundreds of people attempted to rush out of the Temple theater because the cry of "fire" was raised when a little flame was seen about the polyscope machine. In the scramble scores of people were knocked down and more than 20 were badly hurt, while it is feared that two or three will not survive their injuries. It was just after the first act of "Tennessee's Partner," and while the polyscope was being gotten ready, that the little flash of flame came that caused the panic. Many women and children, who mainly composed the audience, made a rush for the door. The panic seized the gallery and in a moment the occupants were plunging down the stairway in a heap or were taking the swifter method of climbing down into the auditorium proper. In their haste many fell, landing on those beneath. Several were badly hurt in this way.

As to Patrick McHugh.

New York, Oct. 23.—There was a meeting of the Amalgamated Irish societies held, at which the chief topic of discussion was the possible detention of Patrick McHugh when he arrives with John E. Redmond, M. P., and Thomas O'Donnell, M. P., Oct. 30. The general opinion seemed to be that the authorities here will take no action, as McHugh, it is claimed, is not a criminal in the sense in which the authorities can interfere. They claim McHugh committed only a "first-class" misdemeanor in making a speech in Ireland against "jury packing," and for that was sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

Oppose Capital Punishment.
Buffalo, Oct. 23.—The Universalists, in a session of their general convention, evinced their opposition to capital punishment by applauding and adopting the report of the committee on penology. Rev. Dr. Q. H. Shinn of Cambridgeport, Mass., read the report, which embodied the opinions of governors, wardens of prisons and experts on criminology respecting this subject, showing that there is a growing sentiment against capital punishment and in favor of life imprisonment for capital crimes.

Defaulters Will Be Prosecuted.
Lowell, Mass., Oct. 23.—The money and securities returned to the Merchants' bank by Albert G. Smith and Lewis H. Swift, through the latter's counsel, touched the million mark. It is now supposed that the men have left the state. Negotiation or no negotiation, if the men are found they will be prosecuted. The case is in the hands of the United States attorneys, and a private detective agency has men on the case acting for the surety company.

Russian Troops Mutinied.
London, Oct. 23.—An unconfirmed report, which has reached London through Berlin, says a part of the Russian garrison in Warsaw recently mutinied, firing upon the officers, and that 300 men will be court-martialed.

AMUSEMENTS.

The cry of American dramatists that they never have a chance of seeing their plays produced is often heard, and with reason. But men like Clyde Fitch and Augustus Thomas have many more orders for plays than they can possibly fill in years. To the names of these two men, who are conceded to be the most prominent (if not the most prominent, certainly the most popular) dramatists, must be added the name of Charles Klein. Mr. Klein has three plays before the public at the present time. He is co-author with Lee Arthur in David War-



field's new piece. He is the sole author of the "Cipher Code," and author of "Hon. John Grigsby." This latter play is thoroughly American in spirit and treatment. Mr. Frank Keenan has secured it for production this season, and he is playing it with great success. Mr. Keenan is giving the play an elaborate production in the costumes and properties. At the Auditorium on October 23.

The banner bearers of minstrelsy, Primrose & Dockstader, and their big company of minstrel artists, will be the attraction at the Auditorium on Tuesday, October 23. It comes along a theatrical causeway of triumph and acclaim, its record making it the envy of all in this particular line. One glance at the Managerial names is sufficient to the average theatre goer, for the names of Primrose and Dockstader are synonymous with that of merit and success. These gentlemen are not only able and clever actors themselves, but they are surrounded by a company of players any one of whom may be considered as topline in his act.

Among these are "Himself," Eddie Leonard, William Hallett, in the comedy line; George Pearce, Harry Ellis, James Bradley, Fred Gladdis, Fred K. Barnes, Walter Vaughn, vocalists; while the olio will include Lew Dockstader, George H. Primrose, Zeno, Carl & Zeno; Ollie Young & Bro. and Claudius & Corbin. Primrose and Dockstader are not biased by any false economy ideas, and hence it is that they are able to give the best entertainments because they always get the best entertainers. The scenic equipment is said to be unusually beautiful. The opening scene is something unusual in the introduction of a minstrel company.

Best oil 7c., gasoline 9c. per gallon. Cans called for and returned, J. P. Lamb the grocer. 10-8-1mo.

REGISTER FRIDAY.

Are you registered in the precinct in which you live? If not be sure to get your name on the registration books on Friday, October 23. The hours of registration are from 9 to 1 p. m. and from 4 to 9 p. m. If you are not registered you can not vote.

WILL SOON BE OVER.

Pan-American Exposition Excursions to Buffalo.

The Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo will close October 31st. The last coach excursion to Buffalo will be run October 24th over the Pennsylvania Lines. Tickets will be sold at very low rates and will be good returning until the last day of the Exposition. The six day coach excursion tickets to Buffalo will also be sold on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays until October 24th, inclusive, offering only a few more opportunities to see the great show at Buffalo before it passes into history. Consult ticket agents of the Pennsylvania Lines about fares and time of trains.

ANNUAL RUMMAGE SALE.

The Annual Rummage Sale for the benefit of the Newark City Hospital will open on the 9th of November. Please clear out your closets and store rooms, and make a donation for this sale. Second hand clothing, second hand furniture specially desired. The place of deposit for goods and the sale will be announced later. 10-9-10t

FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

Hints to Housewives.

Pantry shelves should be lined with white oilcloth, which is easily wiped clean with a damp duster and always looks fresh and nice.

Whoever gives out the weekly linen, whether mistress or maid, should be careful to observe that linen of a sort is used in turn—that is to say, if there are several sets of linen for the same purpose take for use each week that which has been longest in the cupboard, not the set that was returned last from the wash. In this way linen will in the ordinary course last for a much longer time than would otherwise be the case.

To impart to the kitchen tables that wonderful whiteness which some such tables possess no soap or soda should be used in cleaning them, but sand should be employed instead, this being briskly rubbed over the surface of the wood with hot water and rough brush. If whitewood tables are thus scrubbed, they will present a brilliant whiteness which will put to blush the appearance of a table scrubbed with soap and soda.

Nursery Art.

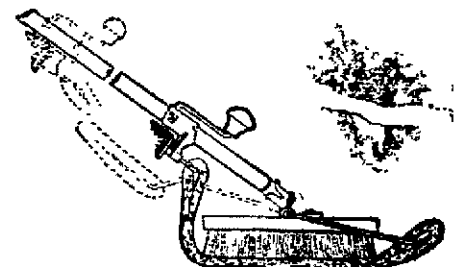
A short time since a new children's ward was opened in one of London's hospitals, and its decorations were specially designed to suit the little inmates. Long series of pictures representing all the well known inhabitants of fairyland—giants and monsters, elves and sprites—figured there, all brought together to pass away the weary hours of the poor little sufferers. The idea is a good one, and it is being carried out in the nurseries of our private houses in charming nursery wall papers of this kind. Why should not a wall paper be made an exciting story of Jack the Giant Killer or to depict the adventures of Little Bo-peep or marshal the long array of animals that were housed in the wooden Noah's ark of our childhood? Such bright and interesting surroundings in the midst of health are capital for children. For invalids their value is enhanced a thousandfold, and the doctor and nurse may well bless the skilled fingers and clever brain that devised so soothing an amusement to the young under their charge.

Cleaning Wall Paper.

A correspondent of Good Housekeeping tells of an experiment she made in cleaning her wall paper. She says: "I used pulverized pumice stone and flour, four ounces of the pumice powder to one quart of flour, making a thick paste or dough. Roll out as wide as the wall paper in length and two inches thick, then inclose the dough in a piece of muslin and sew it on and boil for about three-quarters of an hour, when the rolls will be hard and firm, ready for use. You will have to use the wash boiler, as nothing else in the kettle line will be large enough to accommodate the broken lengths of the strips. These rolls are then used for rubbing over the soiled portions of the paper. Not only will they take out ordinary dirt spots, but grease as well. After the rubbing the paper should be dusted off carefully with a clean cloth, and if any dirt remains go over the surface again. This removes the dirt much better than the bread process, which I have tried also. It cleans like a charm."

Mop and Brush.

One of the new patents is the invention of Edward Hiker of Chicago. It is calculated to be a help to the house-



COMBINATION MOP AND BRUSH.

wife, combining as it does in one instrument a scrubbing brush and a mop. When desired, the mop is pulled out of the way. At other times the brush serves to re-enforce the mop. But the most remarkable thing about the apparatus perhaps is a little crank on the handle, by the help of which the mop may be easily wrung out at any moment.

Pumpkins and Squash.

Pumpkin pie has a tender hold upon the American heart, and as squash pie is its nearest kin, too, comes in for a share of honors. Hubbard squashes may be reckoned among our most valued fruits. Fruits they are because they contain seeds. Only tubers and roots, such as potatoes, beets, turnips, carrots, onions, dare be called vegetables. To return to the squash question, few housekeepers comparatively have tried its virtues in any other shape than disguised with eggs, spice and cream in a pie filling. Sections of squash with the rind on set in the oven and baked are as delicious as sweet potato. Many serve the pieces still in the rind, and each tubers, salts and peppers to taste. Stewed squash dressed with cream and butter and scalloped squash baked in the oven are both tempting dishes.

Quince Jelly.

Quinces for jelly should not be quite ripe, but they should be a fine yellow. Rub the down from them, core and cut them small. Put them in a preserving kettle with a teacupful of water for each pound. Let them stew gently until soft without mashing. Put them in a thin muslin bag with the liquor and press them very lightly. To each pint of liquor put a pound of sugar. Stir it until all is dissolved; then set it over the fire and let it boil gently until it is a good jelly. Then turn it into pots or tumblers and when cold secure as directed for jellies.

ELEGANCE AND ECONOMY GO TOGETHER IN THIS BIG SALE

There is not a worthy design which originated this season in fashion centers of Europe but that is reflected here in our own new magnificent stock. It isn't always the woman that spends the most money that wears the finest clothes. Much depends on the store you go to. You can easily pay 20 per cent less than your neighbor and still wear finer and more fashionable garments by simply making your selections from our worthy and dependable styles.

Cloaks



Furs

Coats at \$10.

Are of this season's choicest designs in all the desirable shades, 27 and 30 in. long. Some fine plain garments, others handsomely trimmed, satin-lined, etc.

Coats at \$15

Are much more beautiful, and come in 27, 30 and 42 in. long. Beautifully trimmed, guaranteed satin-lined.

Coats at \$20 and \$25.

Are the kinds you dream of—simply grand. City stores would ask you \$35 to \$50 for same garment.

Coats at \$5

are simply wonders. Any other store would tax you \$7.50 to \$8.00 for the same garment.

FURS IN PROFUSION.

At the Greater Store. None so good, so stylish, so cheap. Come see.

We Don't Forget the Little Ones



We want every mother to know that we have everything that is desirable in coats for the little one and the Miss from 4 to 14

\$1.00 to \$15.00.

Dress Skirts

\$3.98, \$5.00 and \$7.50

These are the prices that will prevail. Worth 1-3 more. A variety of beautiful styles.

Walking Skirts

At \$2.98, \$3.98 and \$5.00.

Come see them. Then you will say for yourself that we have the most fashionable ones for the least money.

Silk Waists at \$3.39

These are beautiful and are sold in cities at \$5.00. They come in all colors and are beautifully made, hem-stitched and tucked front, back and sleeves.

Waists at \$1.98

This line consists of fine French flannel waists, 150 of them to select from. They're worth \$3.00 to \$4.00. We just got them in from a New York failure.

Waists



Skirts

MEYER BROS. & CO.



Goodhair Soap

is now recognized as the leading skin antiseptic on the market. As a prominent Newark physician recently remarked: "If more people would regularly use GOODHAIR SOAP there would be far less danger of contracting infectious diseases." As an aseptic agent in the prevention of contagious diseases there is nothing in the world so good.

Dyeing, Cleaning, Pressing, Repairing.

GREEN DYE WORKS,
S. Fourth St.

'Phone 120.
Old clothes made new.
Goods called for and delivered.
Open evenings

Hoyt The Optician
Will be at Warden Hotel
Saturday, Oct. 26.

If you eat candy why don't you eat

The Best

And you know there is only one Best and that is

Huyler's

and we sell it.

Huyler's Bon Bons
Huyler's Chocolates
Huyler's Mixed Creams
Huyler's Caramels
Huyler's Scotch Kisses
etc., etc., etc.

ERNEST T. JOHNSON,
DRUGGIST,
No. 10 South Second St.

Mt. Vernon—Dr. Geo. B. Dunn was found dead in his office by L. G. Houck late yesterday afternoon.

SIDE BY SIDE

IN THE LITTLE CEMETERY AT FAIRMOUNT CHURCH.

Funeral of Wm. J. Orr and Wife, Victims of Tuesday's Tragedy Takes Place on Thursday.

The funerals of Wm. J. Orr and his wife, victims of the double tragedy of Tuesday noon will take place at Fairmount church in Licking township, at 10 o'clock Thursday morning. The bodies will be laid side by side in the adjoining cemetery.

Rev. J. W. Yantis will conduct the services.

HEARING

OF WIDOW WITWER RESUMED AT DAYTON TODAY.

Defendant Follows All the Testimony and Makes Frequent Notes With Pencil and Paper.

Dayton, O., Oct. 25.—The hearing of Mrs. Mary Belle Witwer, the alleged murderess of her sister, Mrs. Anna C. Pugh, was resumed in police court this morning. Yesterday afternoon Andrew and David Witwer, step-sons of the accused, and Mrs. Lucy Brown, her sister, were on the stand. They told of circumstances surrounding Mrs. Pugh's death, and all testified that they had never seen the accused display grief at any time, even when her children died. Mrs. Witwer appeared in court this morning with a pencil and pad as usual. She followed closely each witness and by a nod indicated her approval or disapproval of testimony.

Marshall Martin, a newspaper reporter, was one of today's witnesses. He related an interview with the defendant, in which she told of the illness of her sister, which she said began at the supper table. The witness said the prisoner told him she gave her sister hot toddy made from whiskey which Mrs. Pugh had bought.

Andrew and David Witwer on the stand in court today testified that they had never seen their step-mother show grief at the death of any of her family. Prof. Elliott, the chemist, said he found large quantities of arsenic in Mrs. Witwer's house, but that it would be impossible for any one to tell whether arsenic was administered before Mrs. Pugh died or when she was embalmed after her death.

HANDSOME AND YOUNG SEATON IS IN TROUBLE.

MISS CRUM LOVES HIM.

New York, Oct. 23.—Chas. Seaton, handsome and young and reported to be a member of a prominent Cleveland family, is under arrest here charged with swindling young women. His arrest this time was for taking \$200 from a young woman as a fee to get her a place as a stenographer. He has practiced this generally and fleeced many who never got positions. Estelle Crum, who says she is from Columbus, and wealthy, will bail him out and marry him, "faults and all," if she can, she says.

Teachers' Convention.

(Zanesville Times-Recorder.)

The annual Teachers convention of the eastern districts of Ohio which comprises thirteen counties will be held in this city Friday and Saturday, Nov. 29 and 30. The meetings will be held in Memorial hall. The convention will be a big affair, the usual attendance of pedagogues being from 1,200 to 1,000. The last convention was held in Coshocton. The principal speaker of the occasion will be Dr. George Vincent of Chicago University and one of the strongest and most forceful speakers on the platform. He will give an address Friday evening at Memorial hall.

PLEASANTLY ENTERTAINED.

Last Sunday the young folks of the vicinity of Fairmount church, were invited to dine at the home of Andrew Beard, who lives just east of Jackson-town. Among those present were Ernest and Oliver Fulk, Charles Franks and wife, W. T. Cummins and sisters, Nettie and Zula, also Joseph Fulk of Newark and sister Odas, and Robert Campbell. The day was enjoyed by all.

Czolgosz Mopes.

Auburn, Oct. 22.—Warden Mead says that Czolgosz spends his days stolidly, seldom moving, sitting on his cot most of the time and generally says nothing the whole day long. The warden is besieged with requests for admission but will keep the number down to the strict legal limit.

MORGAN CENTER.

A small hall storm visited our community Monday.

Mrs. John Woodruff has returned from the Buffalo Exposition.

A number of our people attended the Knox county fair last week.

Mr. D. P. Clutter led the B. Y. P. U. Sunday evening.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Thomas last Wednesday, a daughter.

Mrs. Charles Hays of Brandon passed through our community last Thursday.

Ed Cooksey and family of St. Louisville attended church at Owl Creek Sunday.

A number of our young folks attended church at the Hill, Sunday evening.

Miss Ura Vanwinkle visited friends near Newark last week.

Misses Oattie and Lota Vanwinkle, and Eva Clutter were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cooksey near Louisville last Sunday.

Charles Clutter of Wilkins spent Monday with his mother, Mrs. Cinda Clutter.

The Louisville base ball nine crossed bats with the Center nine Saturday, Score 12 to 25 in favor of Center.

Miss Agnes Carter left Sunday for Marion where she will spend the winter with her uncle.

James Popham and family of Martinsburg visited at George Popham's Sunday.

J. H. Shields has purchased a new buggy.

Bible day will be observed at Owl Creek Sunday evening November 10. A good program is being prepared.

A sign of fall—"Shut the door."

The younger a man is the more he feels that he is too old to learn.

HARTFORD NEWS

Wedding of Otis Baker and Miss Lulu Lathrop—A Store Sold—Personal Notes.

Croton, O., Oct. 23.—Mr. Otis Baker and Miss Lulu Lathrop were united in marriage at Centerburg Wednesday evening. They are well known here, and their many friends wish for them a happy and prosperous life.

Miss Leona Evans left Monday for Ada, O., to attend school the coming winter.

Mrs. S. B. Perry entertained a number of her friends at dinner Friday.

Mrs. A. L. Clark of Condit visited Mrs. A. D. Burrell Tuesday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Reed, a son, Sunday evening.

Miss Reese, our Grammar room teacher, went home Friday evening and returned Saturday.

Wm. A. Doffyn who has been in the mercantile business here has sold his property, including house, lot and stock of goods to John Warner, who will take possession at once. Mr. Doffyn is a highly respected citizen, and we would regret losing him from our midst. However he has not decided so to do, and it is to be hoped he will remain here.

Mr. C. L. McCracken's house is near completion, and he expects to move into it this week.

Quite a number from here went to Johnstown Monday evening to hear Spillman Riggs.

Mr. H. T. Rose and wife of Johnstown were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Lyman over Sunday.

Mrs. Lucina Grandstaff of Highwater was in town Sunday.

The social given by the Missionary ladies Thursday evening at the M. E. church was a great success, the proceeds being between fourteen and fifteen dollars.

Miss Carrie Smith is in Columbus, visiting friends.

REFORM.

H. W. Conger, wife and children, of Newark, and K. B. Barcroft, mother and two children, of Fallsburg, took dinner with Mr. J. W. Fairall on Sunday.

Dennis Evans of near Martinsburg, was the guest of his sister, Mrs. Walter Hoyt over Sunday.

Miss Maude Atwood of Lorain, Ohio, is visiting her grandparents, Mr. Jackson Hoyt.

Miss Elsie Munsie spent Sunday at home.

Several from here attended church at Perryton Sunday night.

Preaching at Pleasant Hill Sunday was largely attended.

W. O. Gearhart and wife, of Ben. G., spent Saturday night and Sunday with J. O. Cooksey.

Miss Ola Dinan was here Saturday looking after her class in music and getting ready for her recital which is to be held in Hanover. It promises to be better than ever.

BARGAINS IN UMBRELLAS.

We had over 100 fine umbrella covers which ranged in price from \$1.00 to \$2.00. These covers we returned to the factory and had them fitted up with steel rods and the latest style handles. We will now close them out at 90c, to \$1.90. Haynes Bros Jewelers.

At The New Flat.

Some little trouble occurred at the Miller & Wilcox flats, corner Fifth and West Main streets Tuesday afternoon among the laboring men.

Roeser & Son, a strictly union firm, has the contract for painting, papering and decorating. There was certain work to be done, for which they hired Charles Smith, a non-union man, and immediately the carpenters, painters and other union laborers quit work. As it is necessary to complete the flat as soon as practicable, Contractor Wilcox was forced to discharge Smith.

St. Francis de Sales Church. Devotional service this evening will begin at 7:30 o'clock. Sermon by Rev. L. W. Mulhane of Mt. Vernon. Subject "Indifferentism." Services tomorrow morning at 8, 7 and 6 o'clock.

Carnegie's Gift.

Glasgow, Oct. 23.—Andrew Carnegie again paralyzed the Scotchmen this morning by a gift of 37,000 pounds to Dundee university. He also announced that he would join with the Duke of Sutherland in the endowment of a technical and agricultural school.

BASE BALL

AN INTERSTATE LEAGUE IS NOW PROPOSED.

Newark May Be In It—A Meeting to Consider the Matter is Scheduled For November 14.

A meeting for the purpose of effecting a permanent organization of an interstate base ball league will be held at Mansfield, November 14.

A. J. Watts of Toledo, is at the head of the movement and it is proposed to have the league made up of teams from Zanesville New Castle, Pa., Lima, Sandusky, Canton, Marion, Newark, and Akron. It is proposed to place a team in each of the cities and to have a salary limit of \$600. The league will be organized on a three year basis.

There is no doubt that Newark could support a good team as well as any other of the cities mentioned and a strong effort will be made to have her represented at the conference. The Canton News Democrat has the following to say regarding the combine:

"An effort is being made by A. J. Watts a well known base ball enthusiast of Toledo to form a new Ohio state or interstate league for the season of 1902. The list of Ohio cities is as follows: Canton Akron, Youngstown, Zanesville, Newark, Mansfield, Findlay, Sandusky, Lima, Springfield, Marion. It is also probable that New Castle, Pa., may be included and in that event it will be an interstate league. The combined population of these cities is 255,205, to say nothing of the adjacent territory which the league cities will have to draw from. Mr. Watts has called a meeting of the base ball sports of the different cities to be held in Mansfield, November 14. Mr. Watts is very enthusiastic over the formation of the league and thinks that it will be a success. Most of the cities he has selected are equipped with ball parks and a majority of them have base ball teams."

GRANVILLE

Professors at State Baptist Meeting. A Ghost Party—College Cadets. Foot Ball Saturday.

Granville, Oct. 23.—Professors Colwell, Gilpatrick, Carman, Williams, Chamberlin, McKibben and Hundley have been in Zanesville yesterday and today attending the meeting of the State Baptist Association.

Orders and measures for cadet suits were taken yesterday by a representative of the Lilley Company of Columbus. The battalion will begin regular drill the latter part of next week. Denison will play Muskingum in Granville next Saturday afternoon.

The young ladies of the Junior class will entertain the young men of their class Saturday evening. They will have a ride to Newark, where supper will be served.

The initiation ceremonies and banquet of the Euterpean Literary society of Shephardson will be held Friday evening.

Voices are now being tested by Prof. Engwerson, and a Denison Glee Club will be organized the first of next week.

Prof. Neil will give a personification of "David Copperfield" Friday evening. The entertainment is given for the benefit of the Oratorical Association. Basket ball practice will begin next week.

Last evening a "ghost" party was given by Misses Mary and Pearl Ferguson. Leaves were heaped up and burned and the small company gathered about the bonfire, told ghost stories and ate pop corn. During the progress of the stories a real white shrouded ghost appeared in the background, which for a moment created much excitement and a thorough scare.

JAS. McSWEENEY MARRIED.

Mr. James McSweeney of Chicago Junction, and Miss Nora Rafferty, of Newark, O., were married at 7:15 a.m. at St. Dominic's church, father O'Reilly officiating. After the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. McSweeney enjoyed a wedding breakfast at the home of the brother-in-law of the bride, William Woolford of 1488 Atchison street.

Mr. and Mrs. McSweeney left later on the B. & O. for Chicago Junction, where they will reside. Mr. McSweeney is foreman in one of the B. & O. shops.—Columbus Dispatch.

REGISTER FRIDAY.

Are you registered in the precinct in which you live? If not be sure to get your name on the registration books on Friday, October 25. The hours of registration are from 9 to 1 p. m. and from 4 to 9 p. m. If you are not registered you can not vote.

Coming Events Cast Their Shadows Before Them.

(Communicated.)

Only two days before Mark Hanna is expected in Newark one of the daily papers asked these questions: "Who shall I vote for?" and "Who do I want elected United States Senator?" No further notice is needed to announce the coming of Hanna, the grammarian. READER.

No, Maude, dear a cross country rider is not always in a bad humor.

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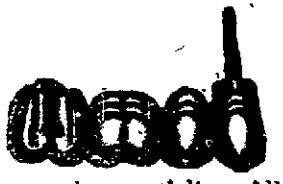
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